

NILC results for PICO

Mathieu Remazeilles

3 June 2021

To-do list

Model 90.91

- **Baseline (21-800 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise)
 - $r = 0.003$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise)
- **w/o LF (43-800 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise)
- **w/o HF (21-462 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise)

Model 90.92

- **Baseline (21-800 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise)
 - $r = 0.003$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise)
- **w/o LF (43-800 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise)
- **w/o HF (21-462 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise)

Model MKD

To-do list

Model 90.91

- **Baseline (21-800 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise) ✓ done!
 - $r = 0.003$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise) ✓ done!
- **w/o LF (43-800 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise) ✓ done!
- **w/o HF (21-462 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise) ✓ done!

Model 90.92

- **Baseline (21-800 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise) ✓ done!
 - $r = 0.003$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise) ✓ done!
- **w/o LF (43-800 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise) ✓ done!
- **w/o HF (21-462 GHz):**
 - $r = 0$ (10 realizations of CMB and noise) ✓ done!

Model MKD

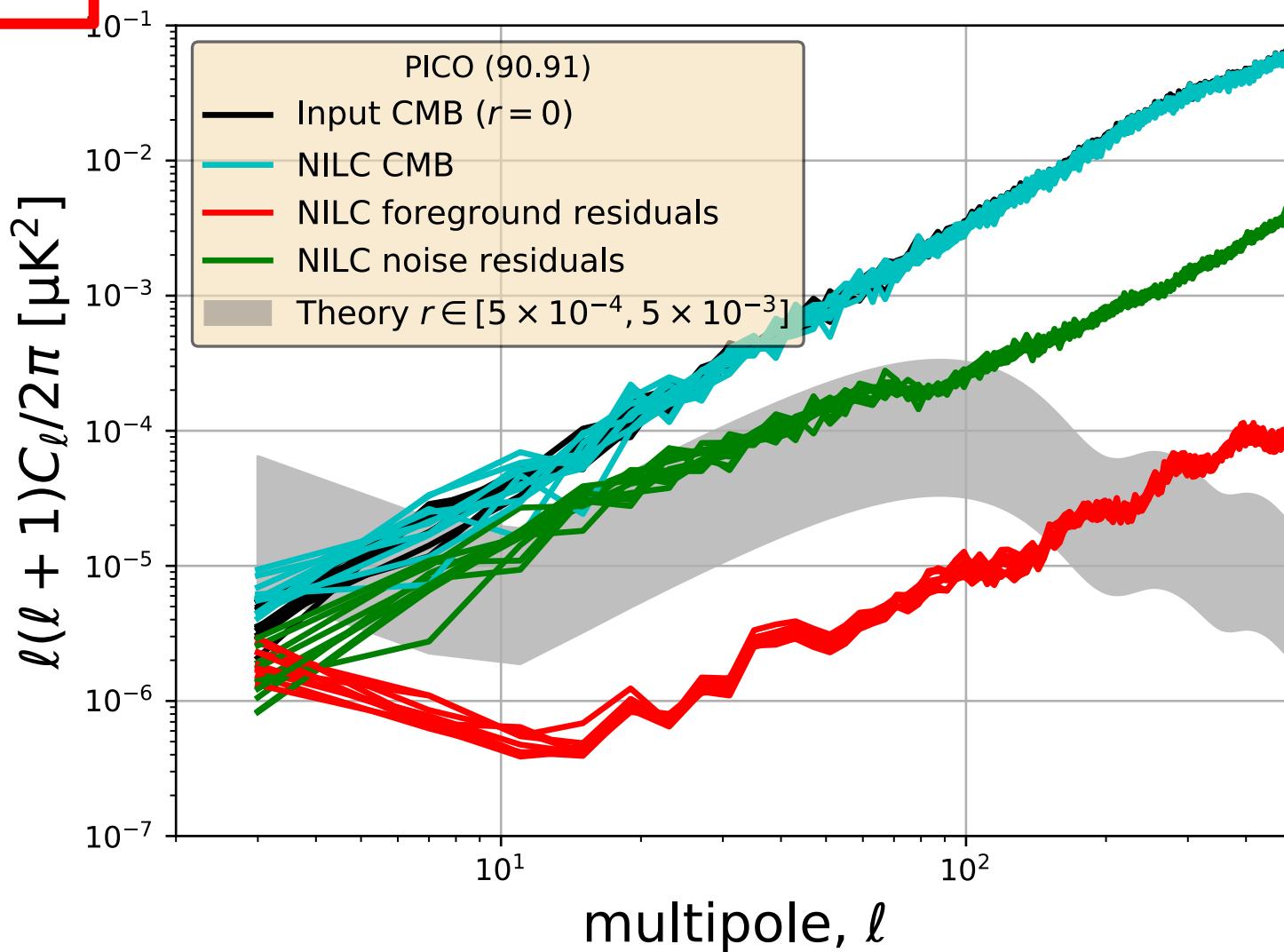
$$r = 0$$

90.91 & 90.92

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.91, $r = 0$
NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

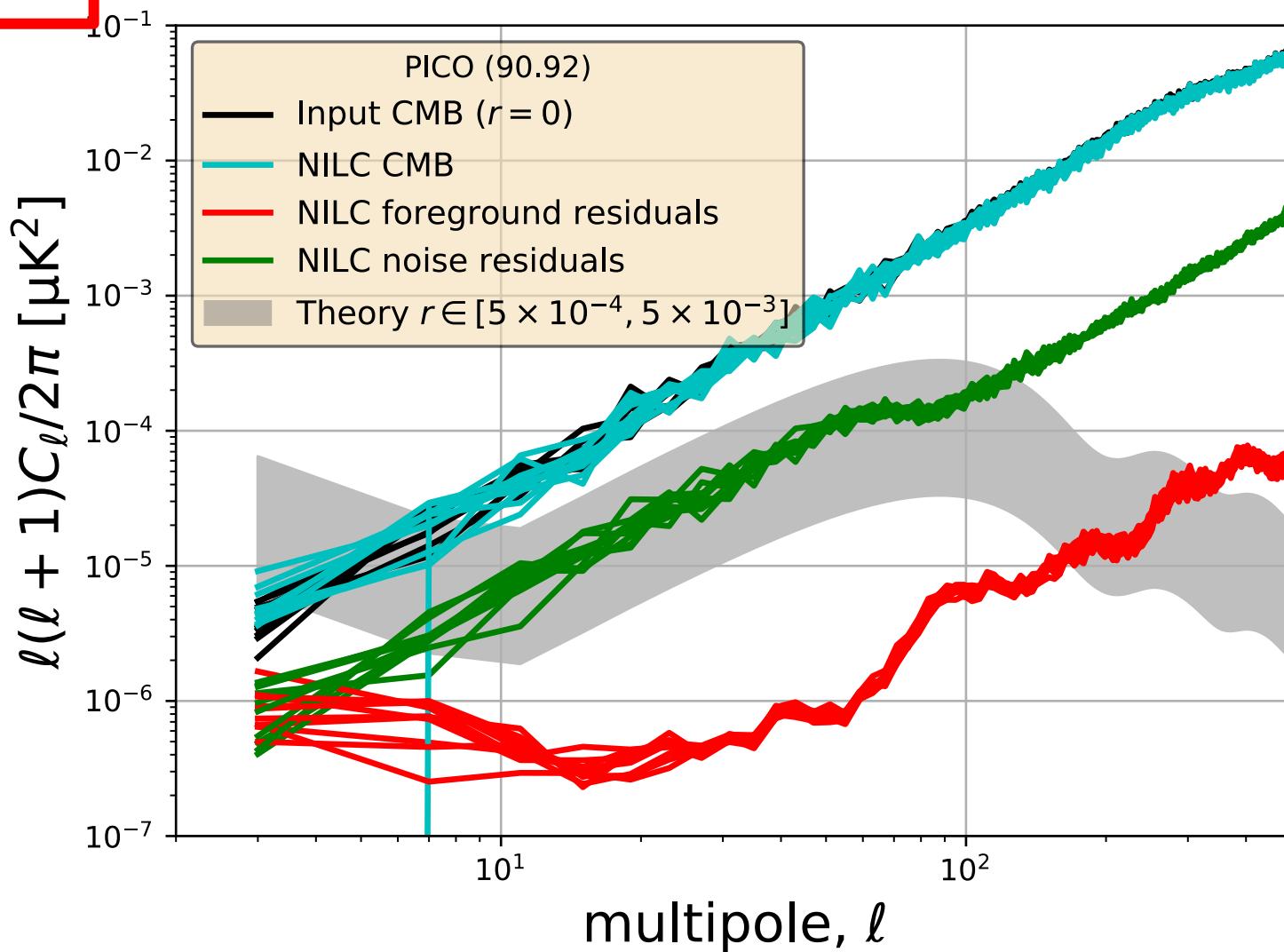
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.92, $r = 0$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

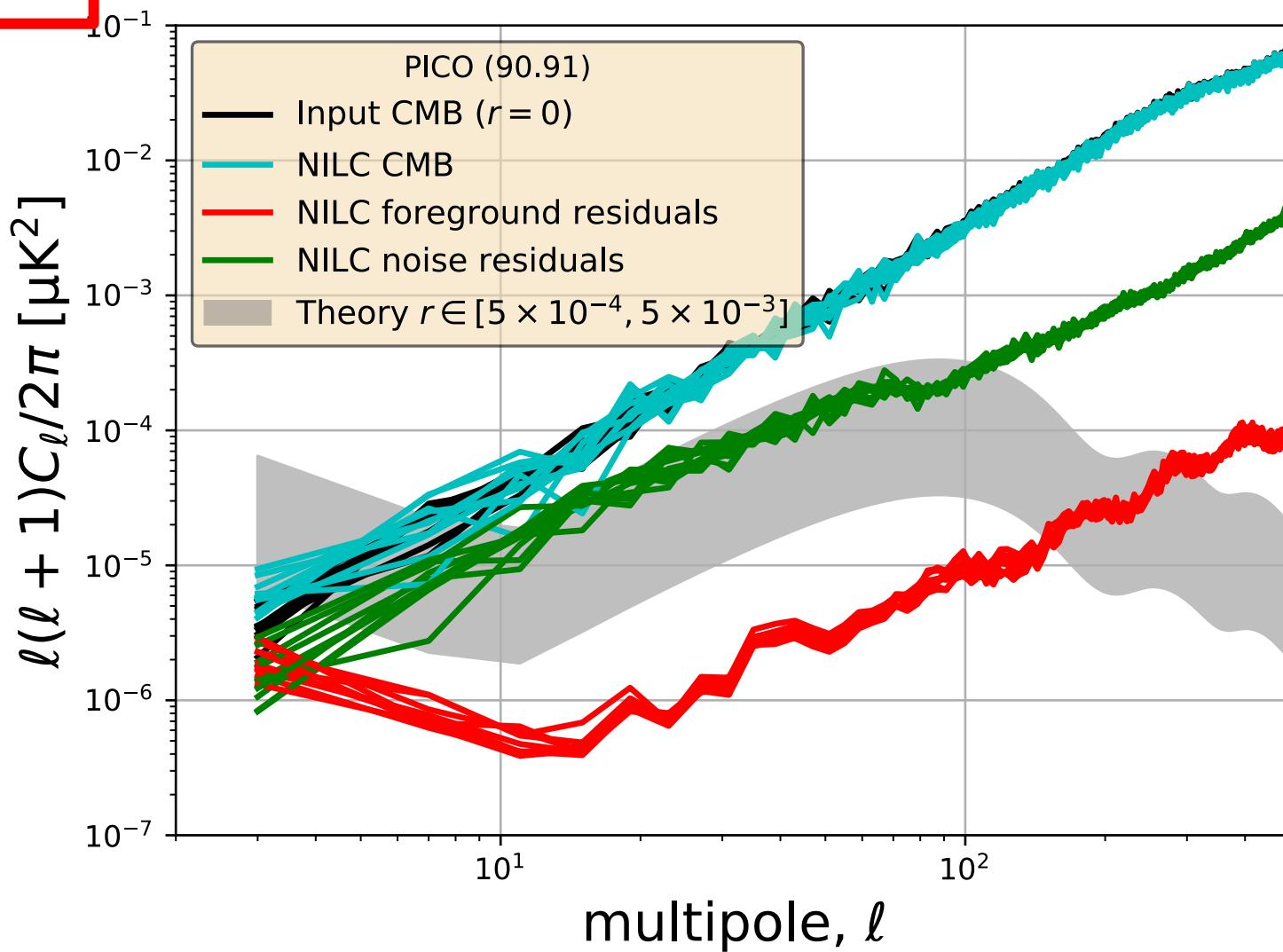
$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.91, $r = 0$
NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

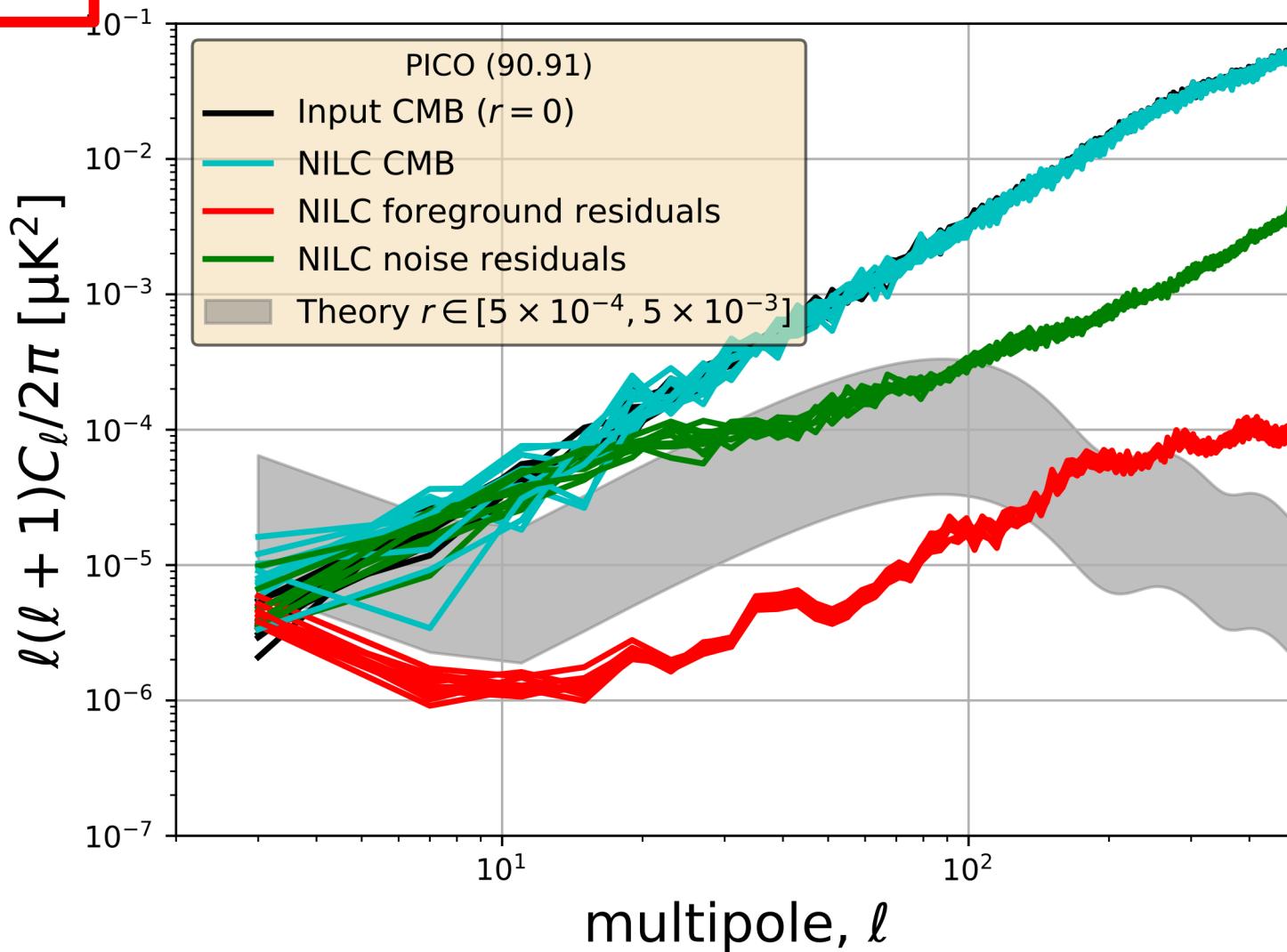
$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

w/o LF

43-800 GHz

90.91, $r = 0$
NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

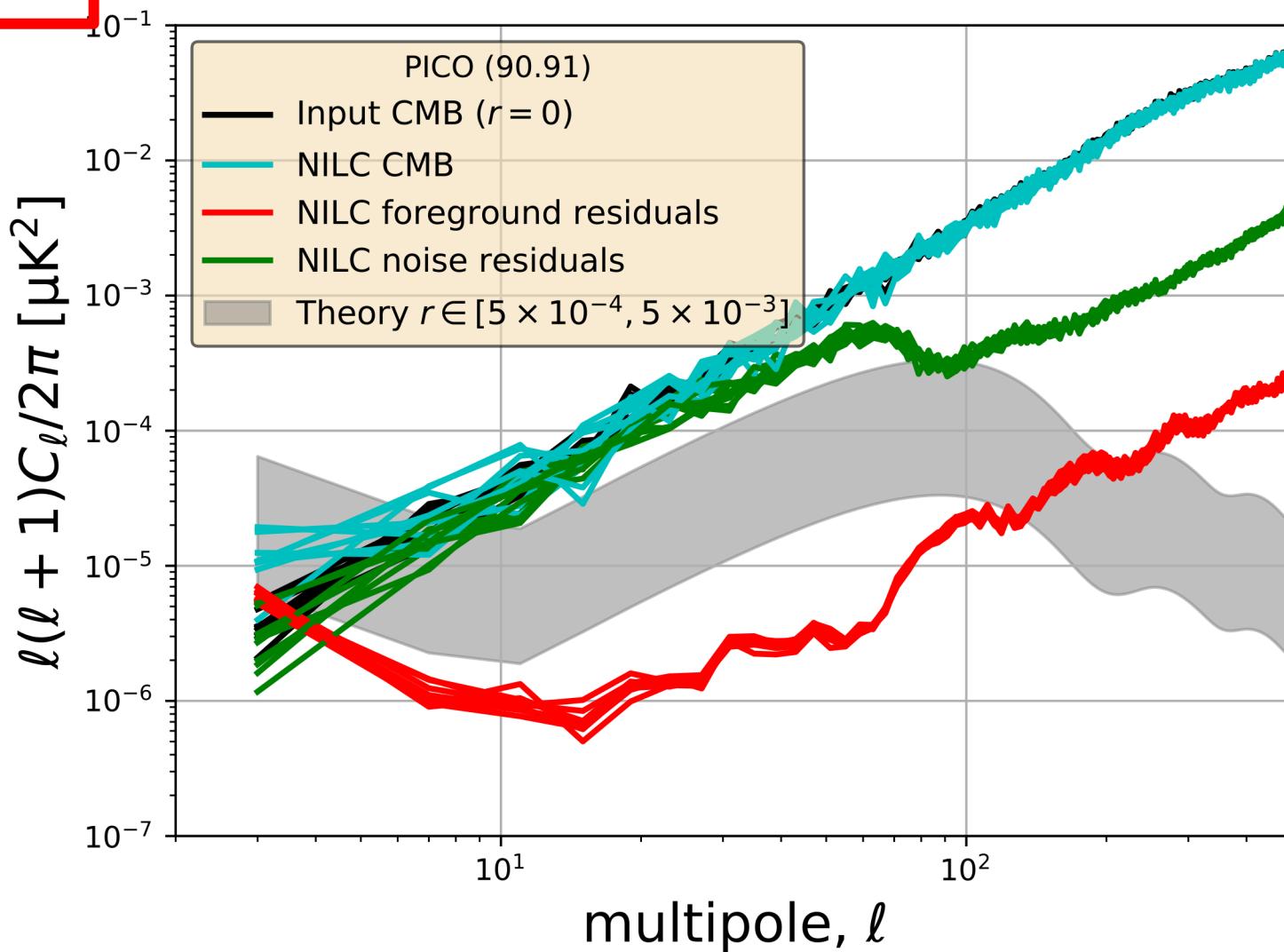
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

w/o HF

21-462 GHz

90.91, $r = 0$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

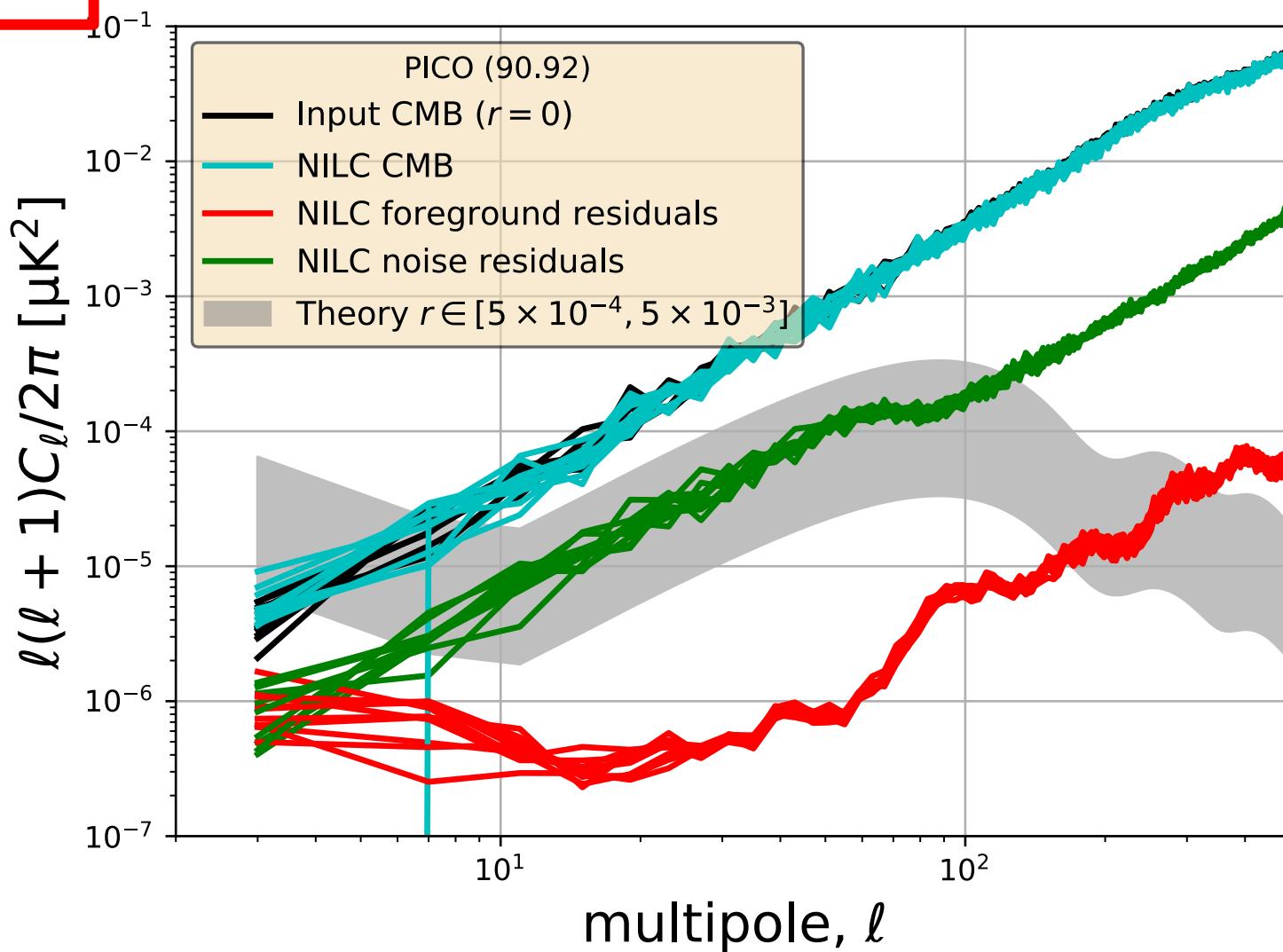
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.92, $r = 0$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

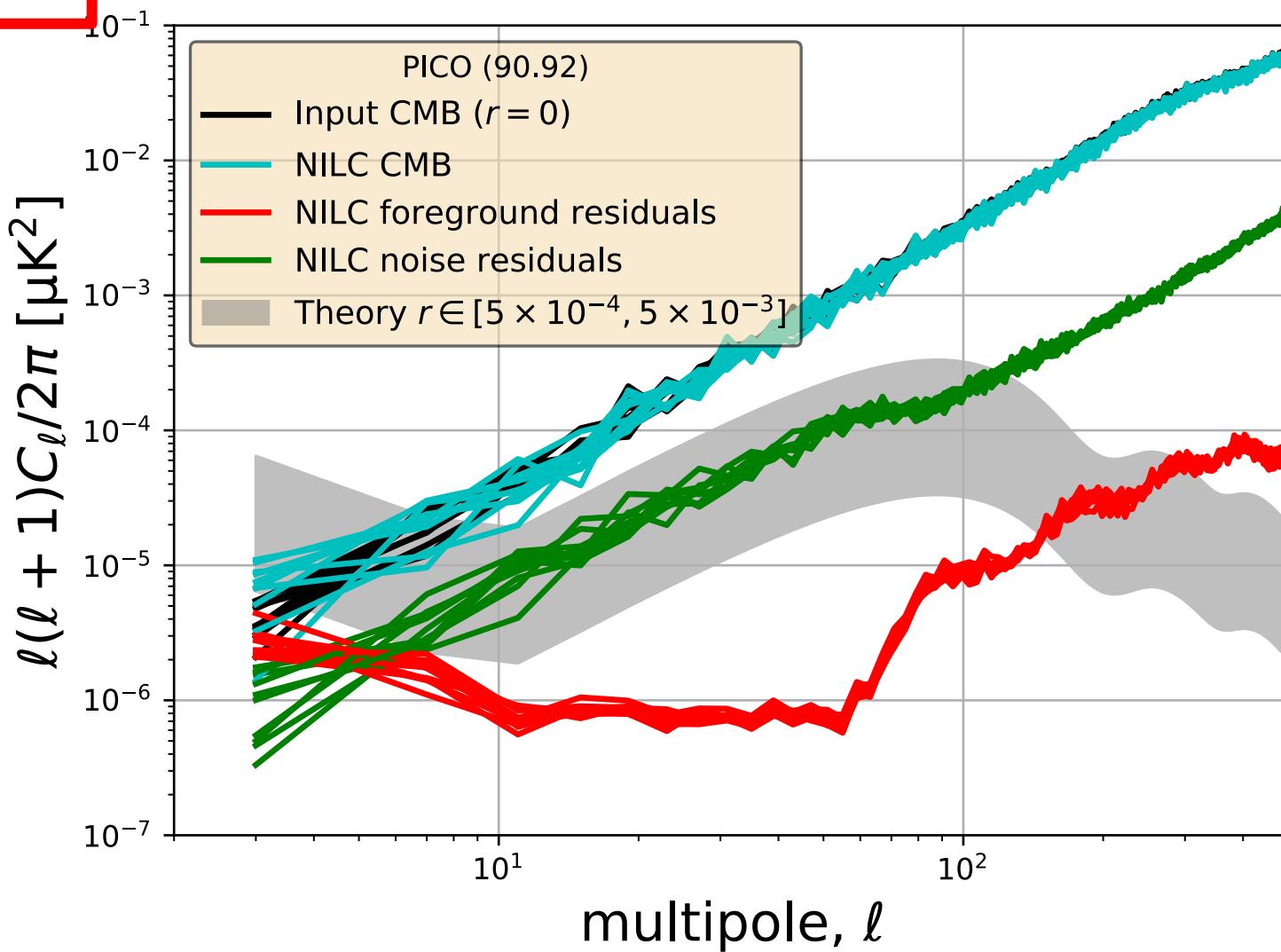
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

w/o LF

43-800 GHz

90.92, $r = 0$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

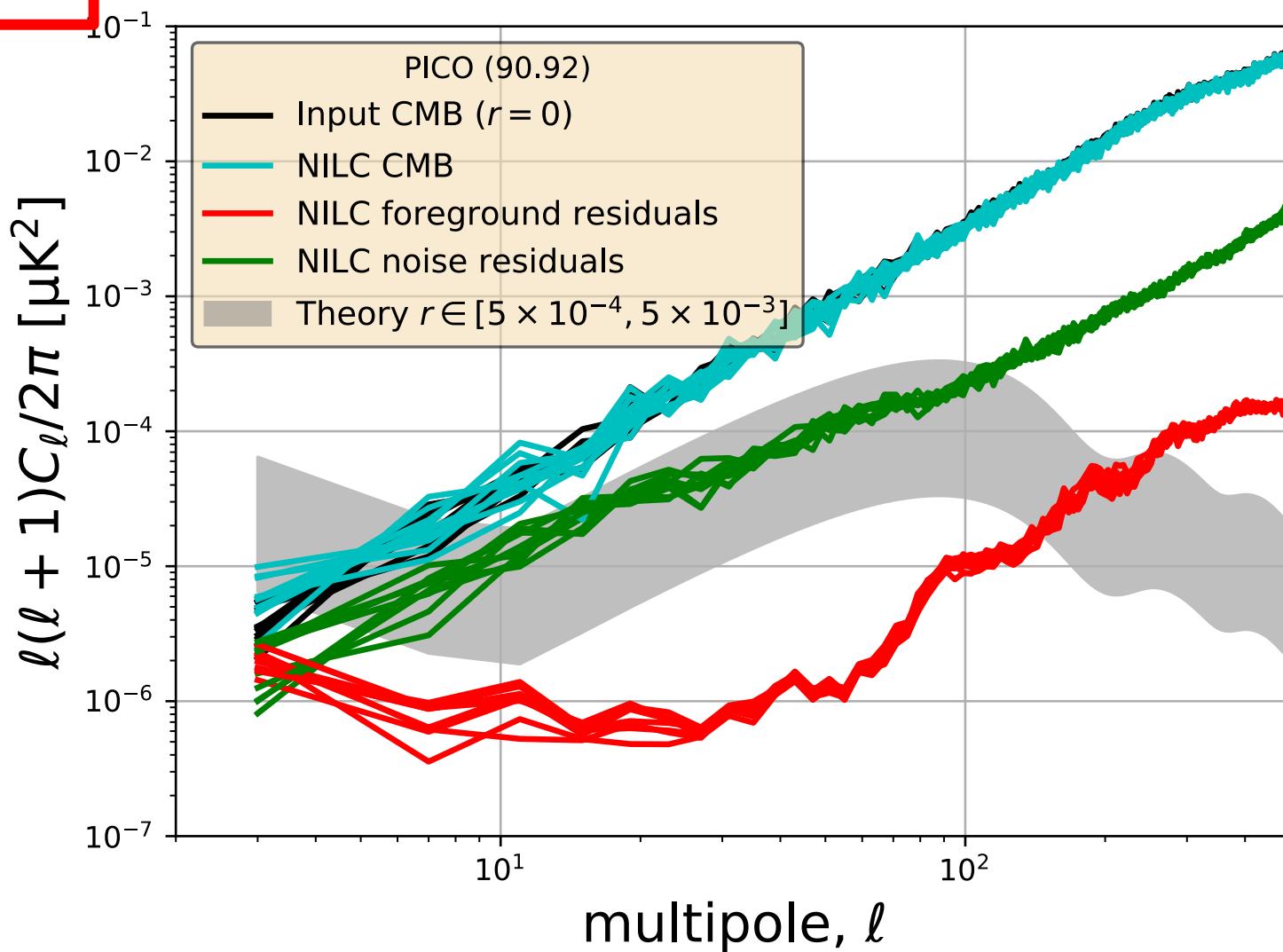
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

w/o HF

21-462 GHz

90.92, $r = 0$

NILC



10 realizations

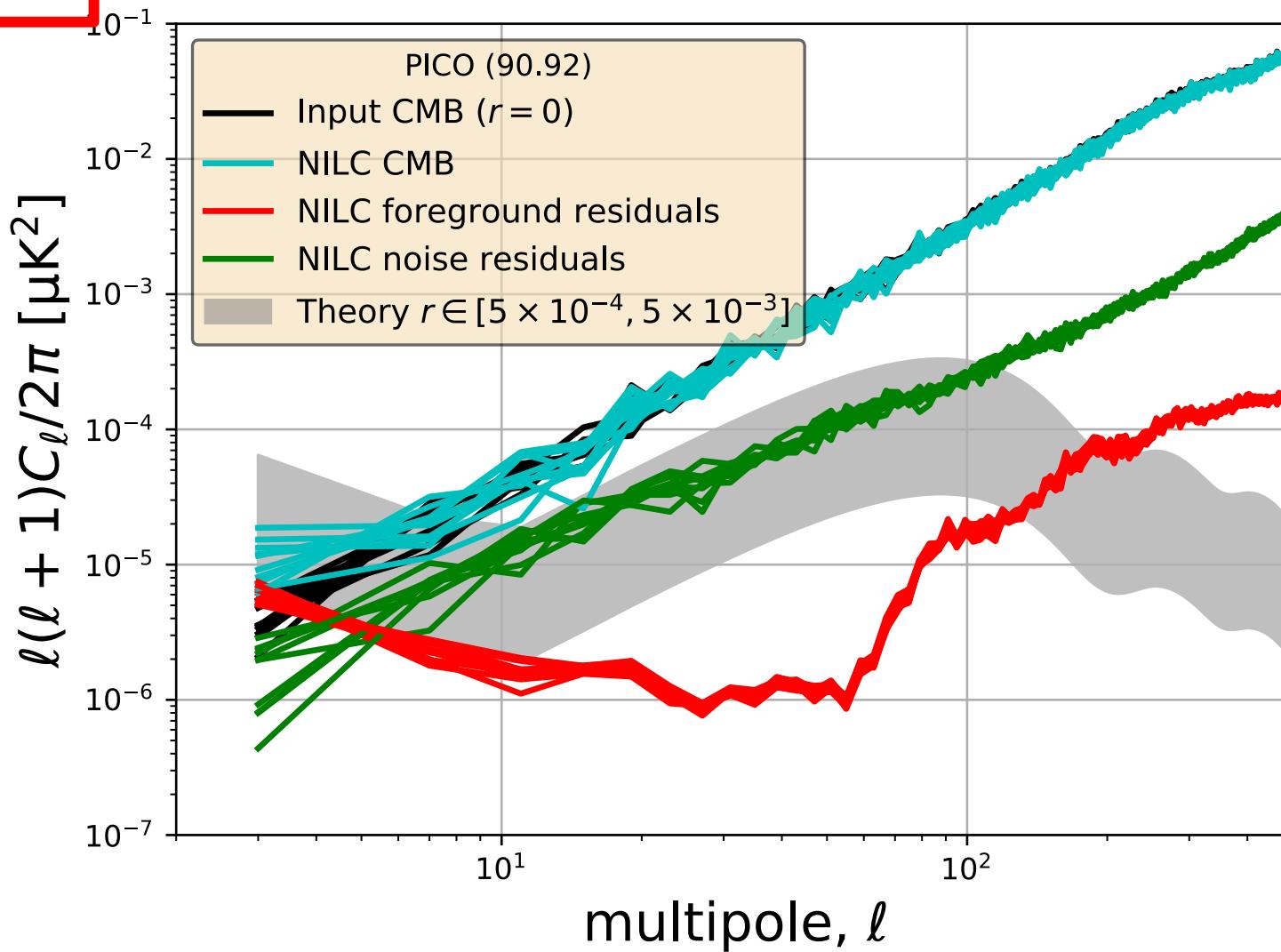
MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Descope
43-462 GHz

90.92, $r = 0$
NILC



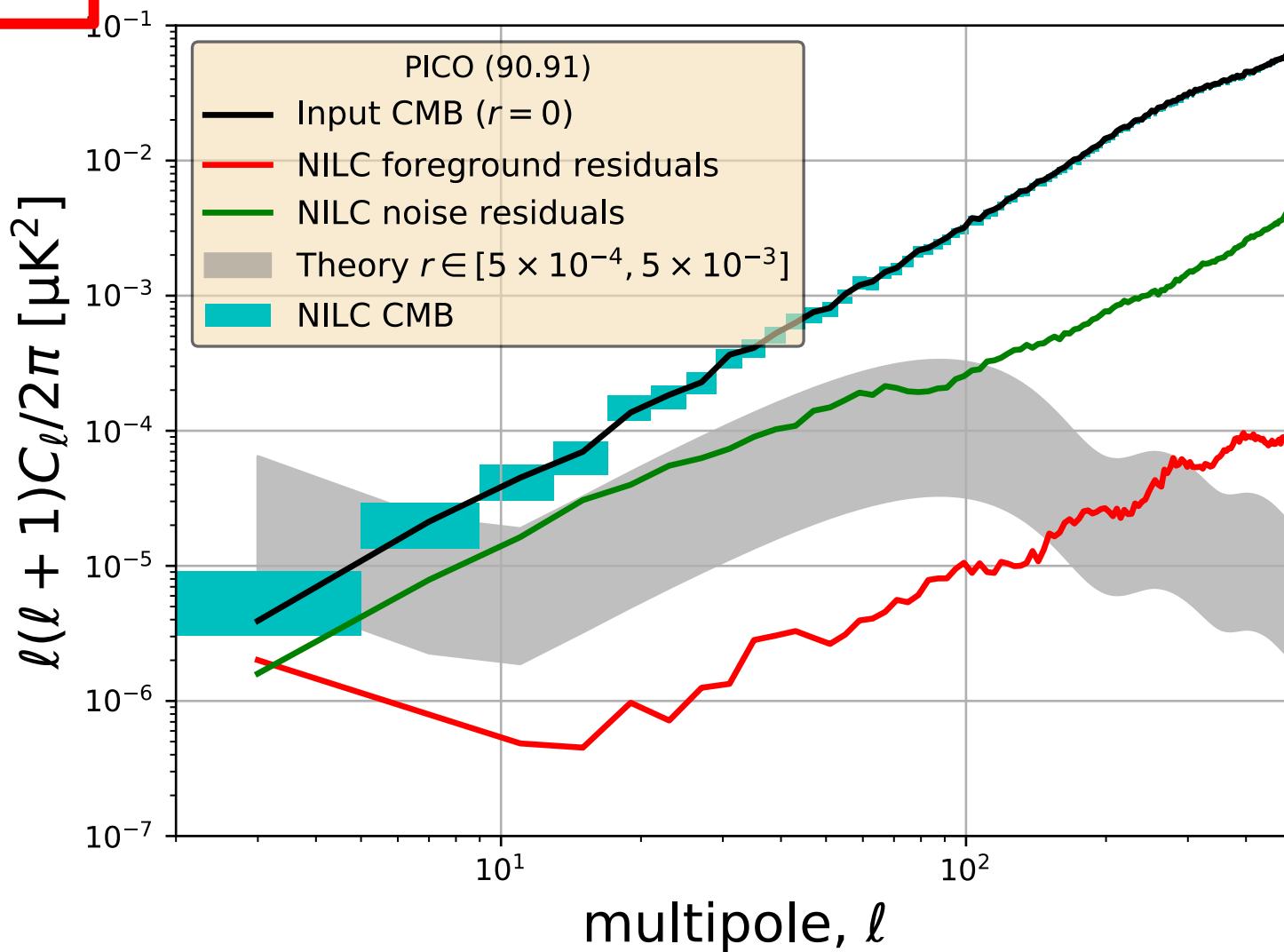
10 realizations

MASTER
 $f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.91, $r = 0$
NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

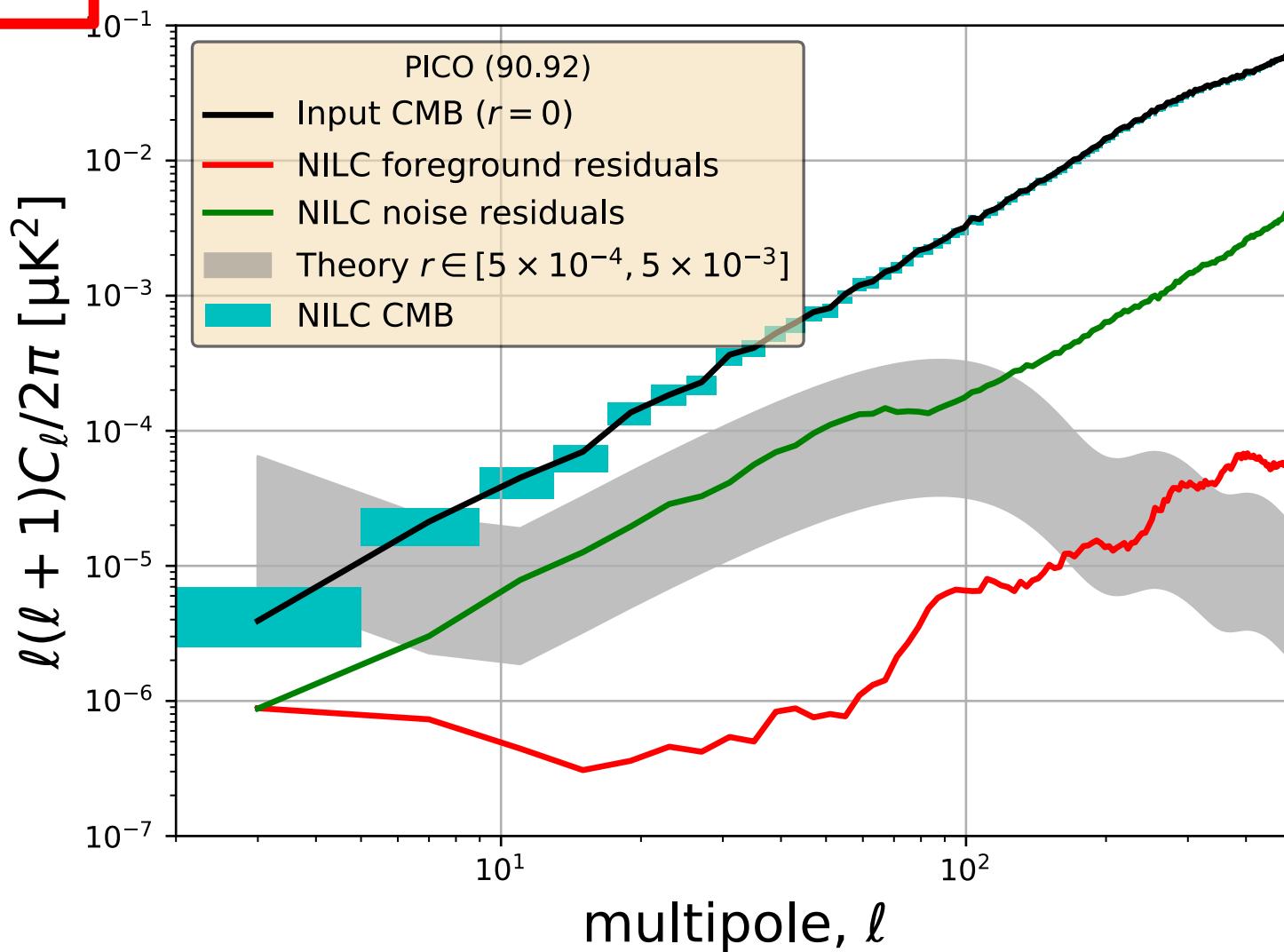
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.92, $r = 0$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

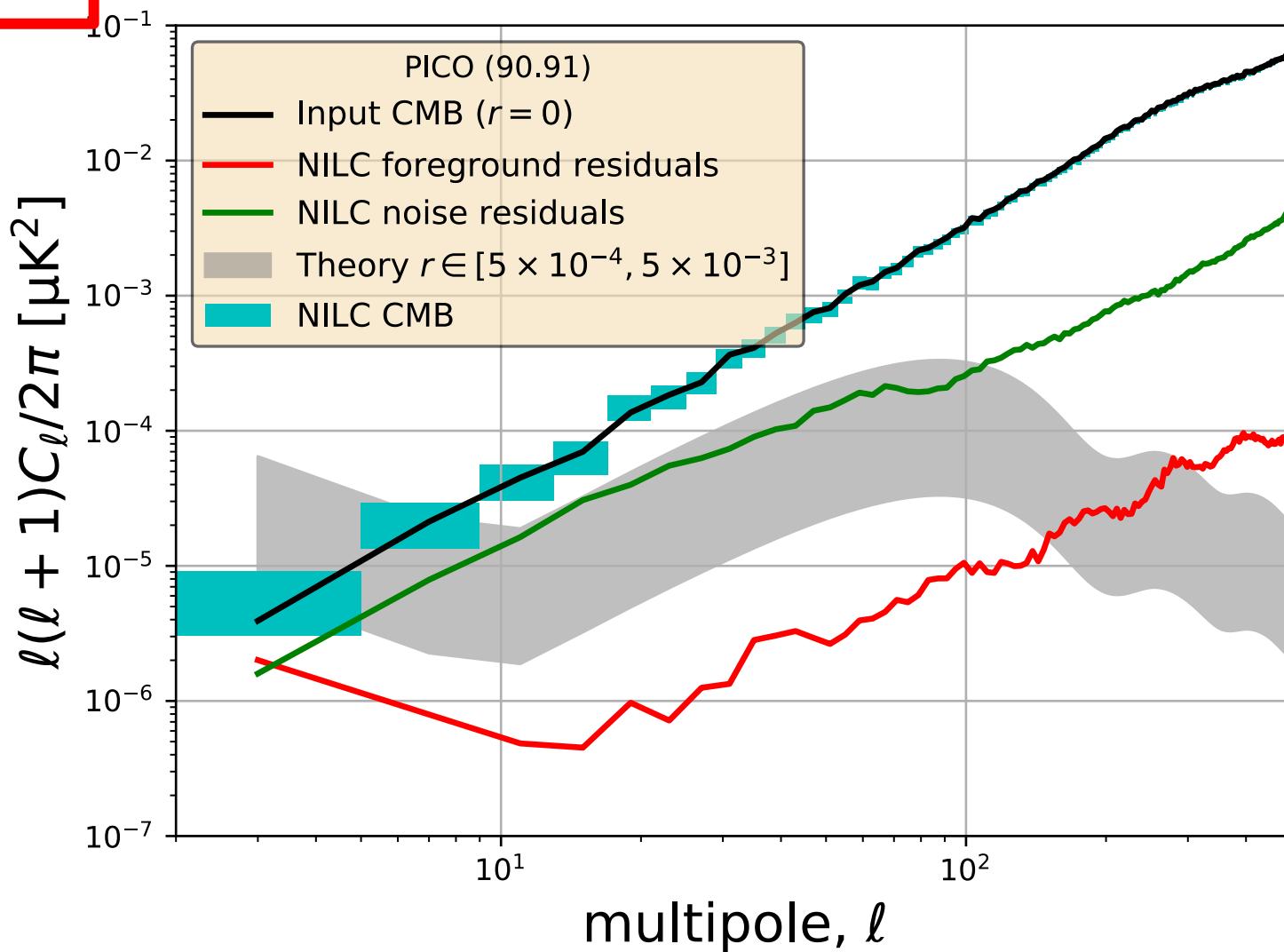
$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.91, $r = 0$
NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

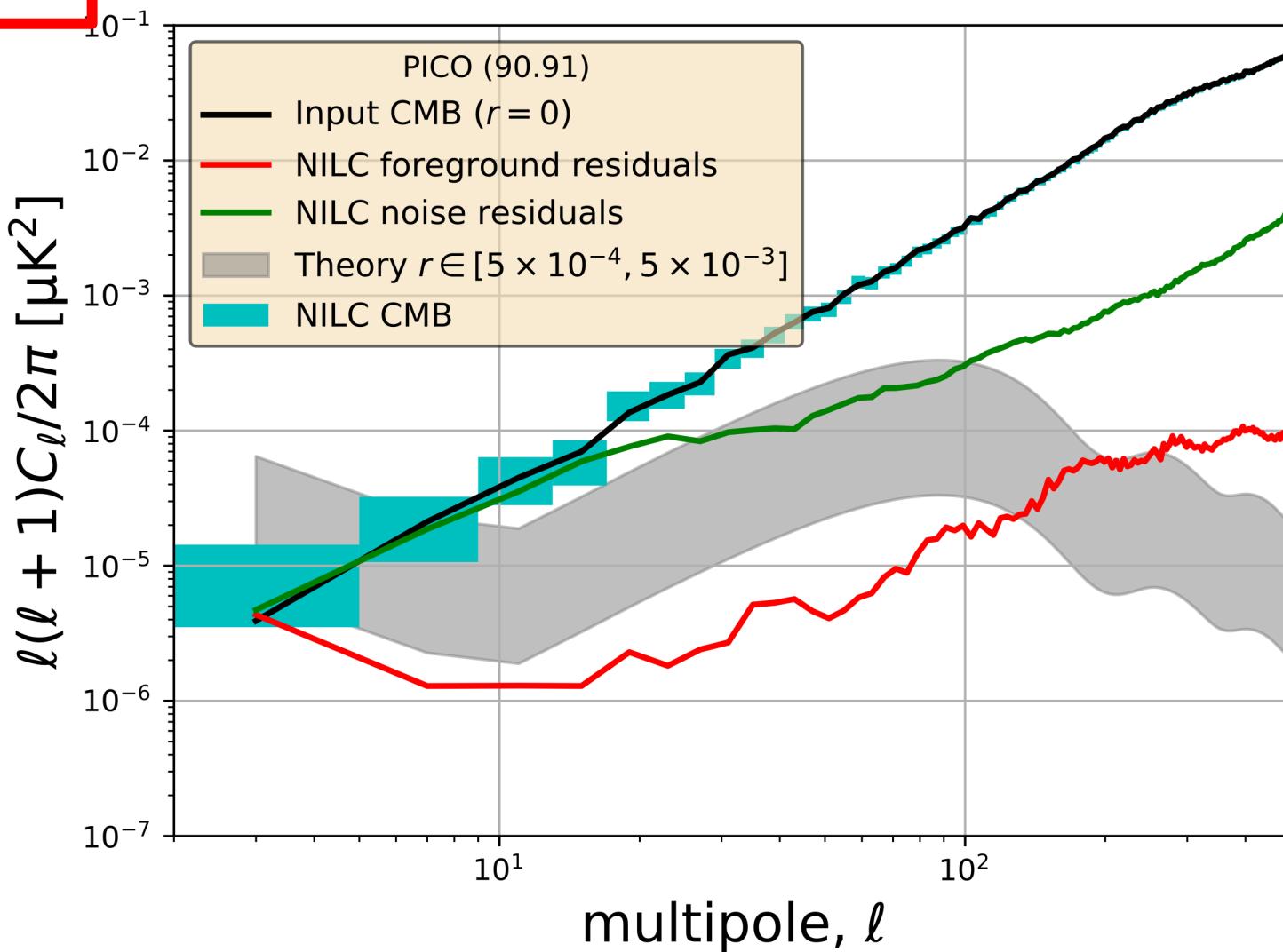
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

w/o LF

43-800 GHz

90.91, $r = 0$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

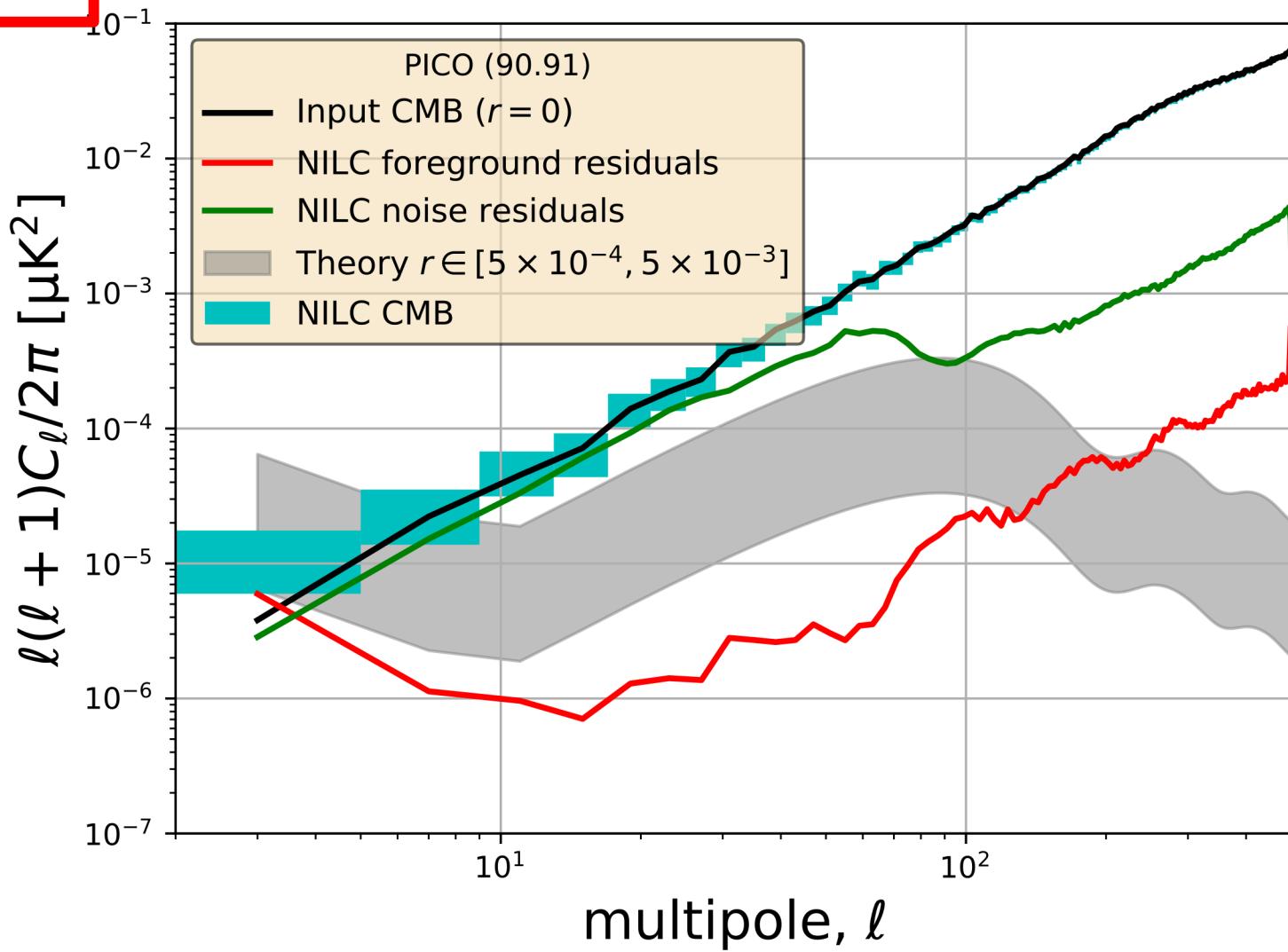
$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

w/o HF

21-462 GHz

90.91, $r = 0$
NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

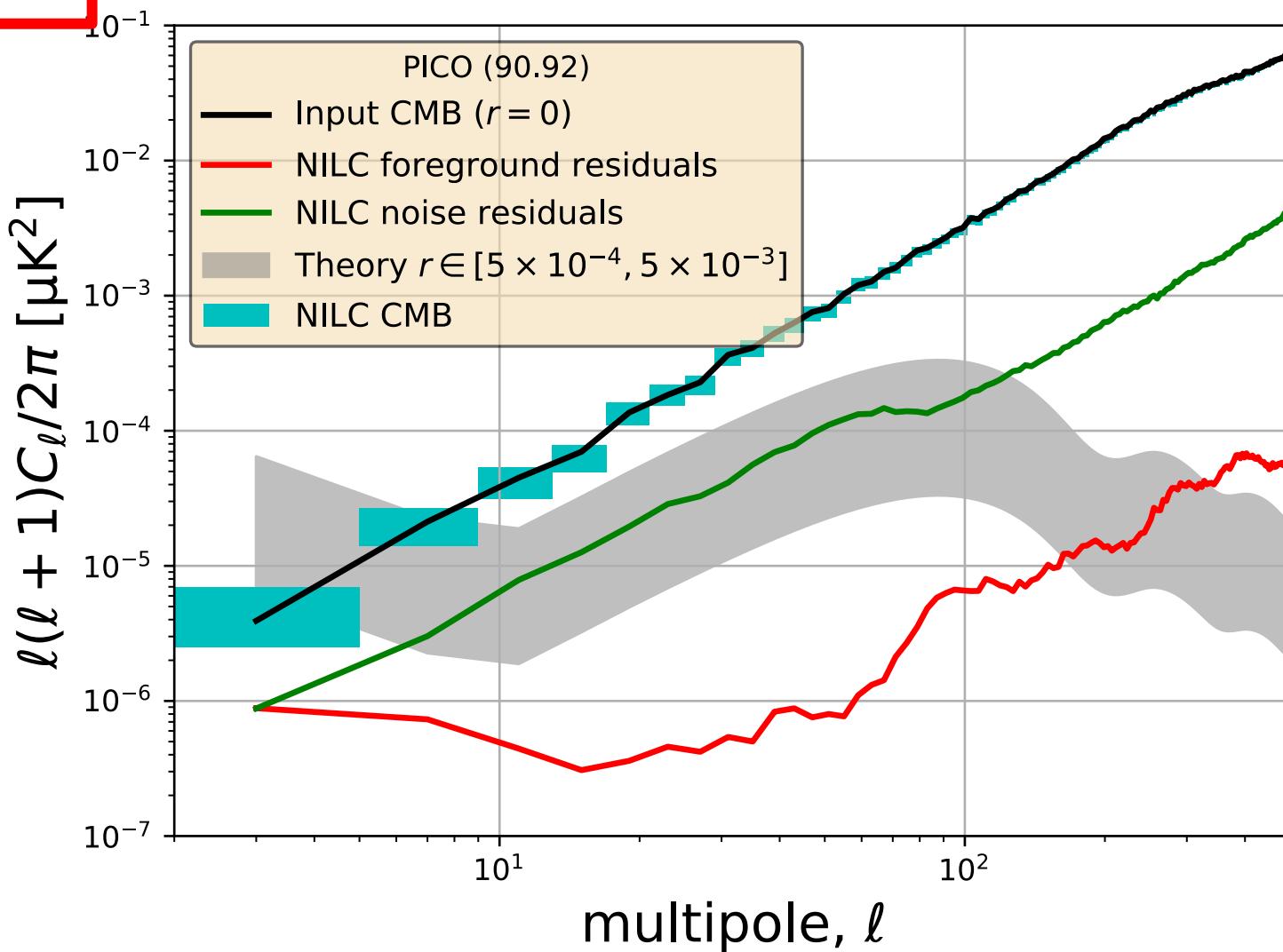
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.92, $r = 0$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

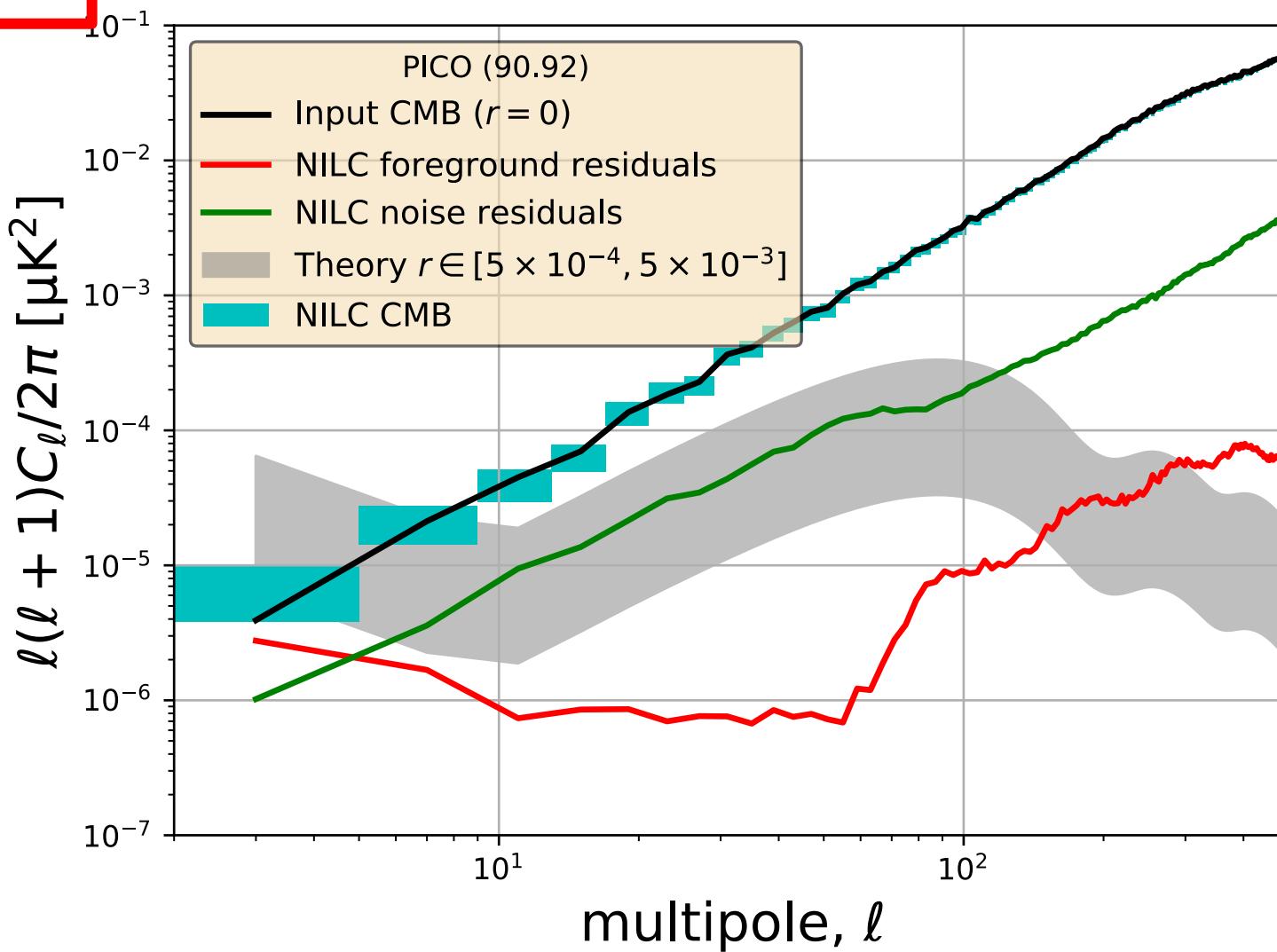
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

w/o LF

43-800 GHz

90.92, $r = 0$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

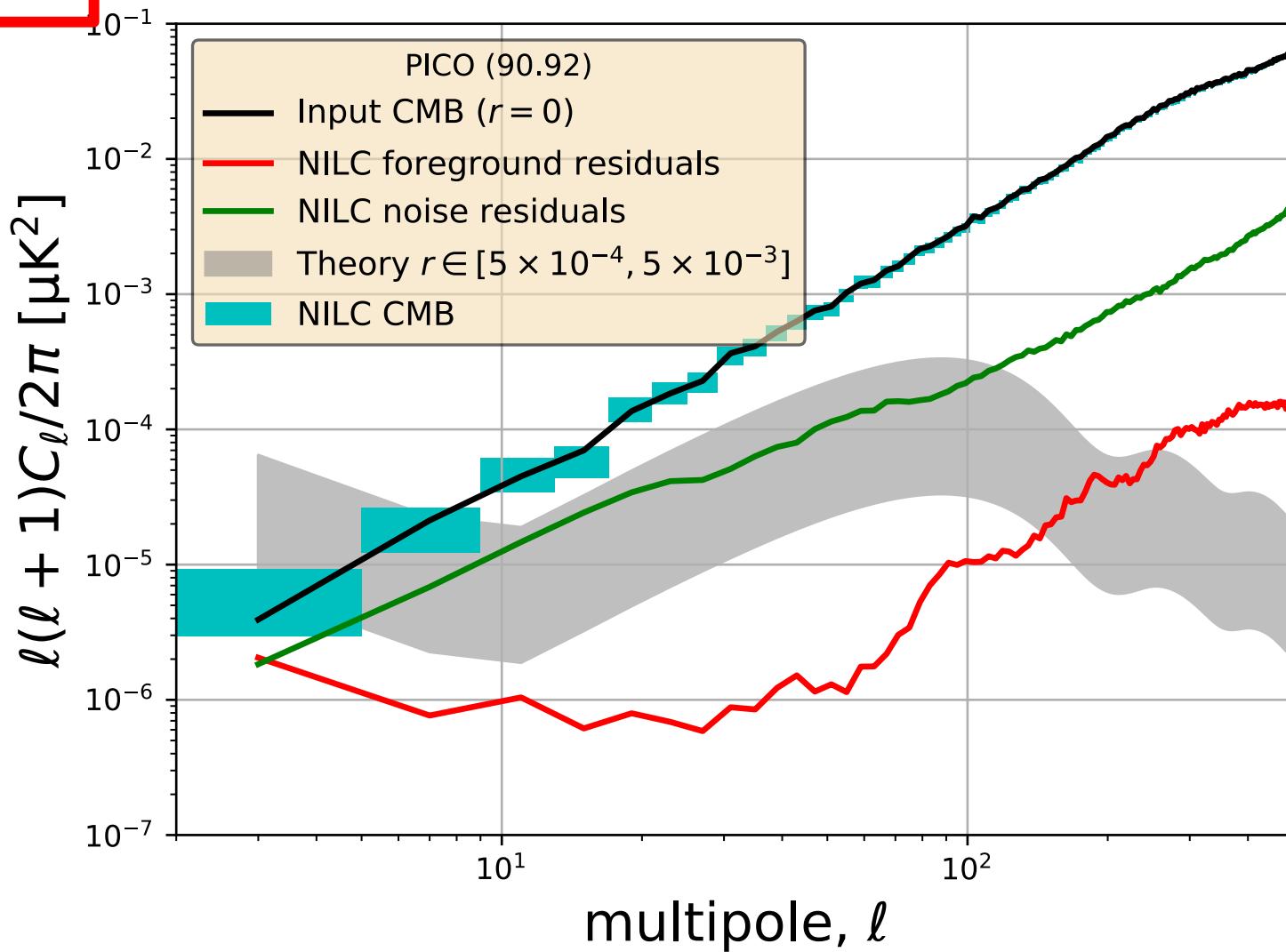
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

w/o HF

21-462 GHz

90.92, $r = 0$

NILC



10 realizations

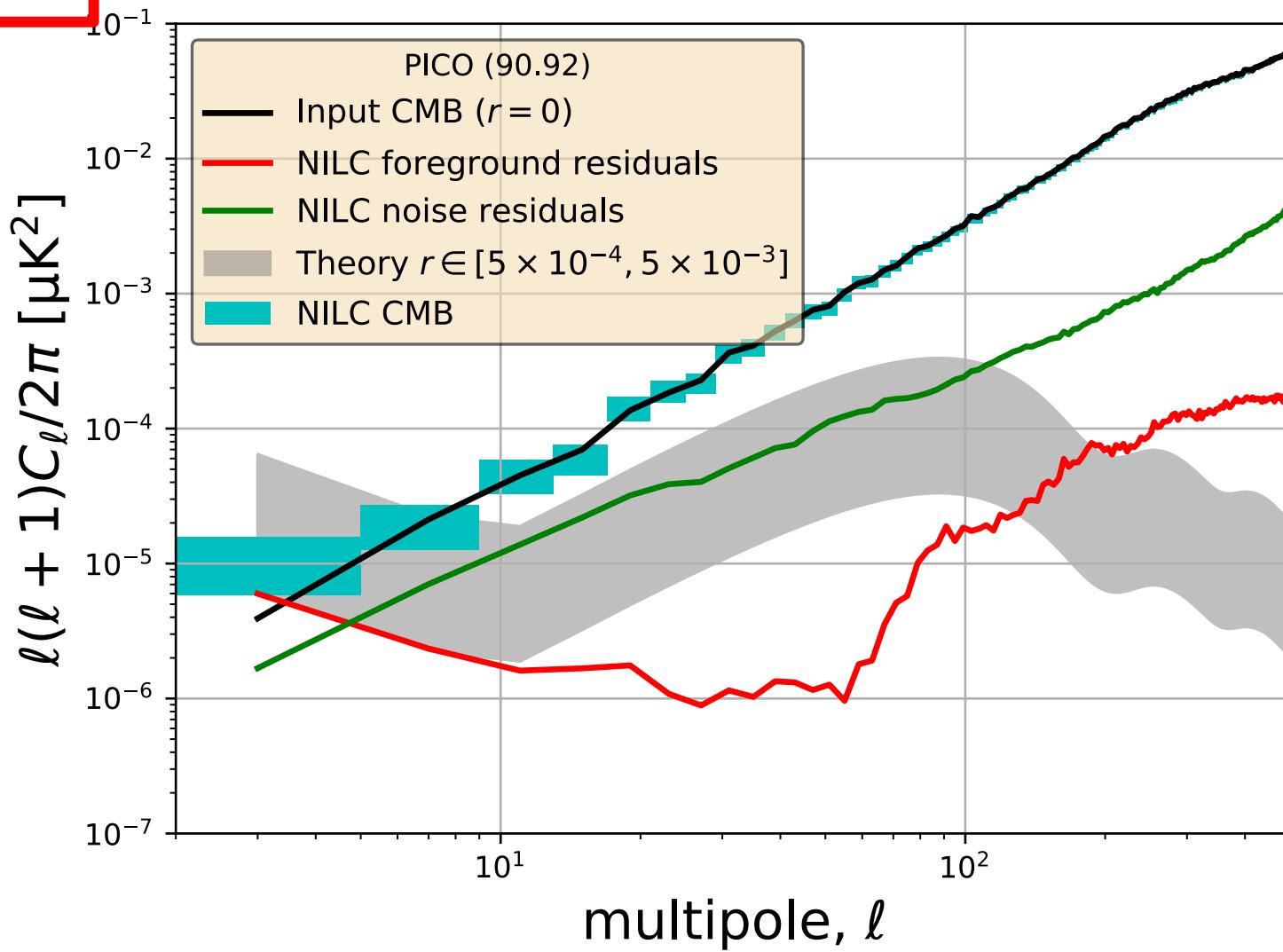
MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Descope
43-462 GHz

90.92, $r = 0$
NILC



10 realizations

MASTER
 $f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

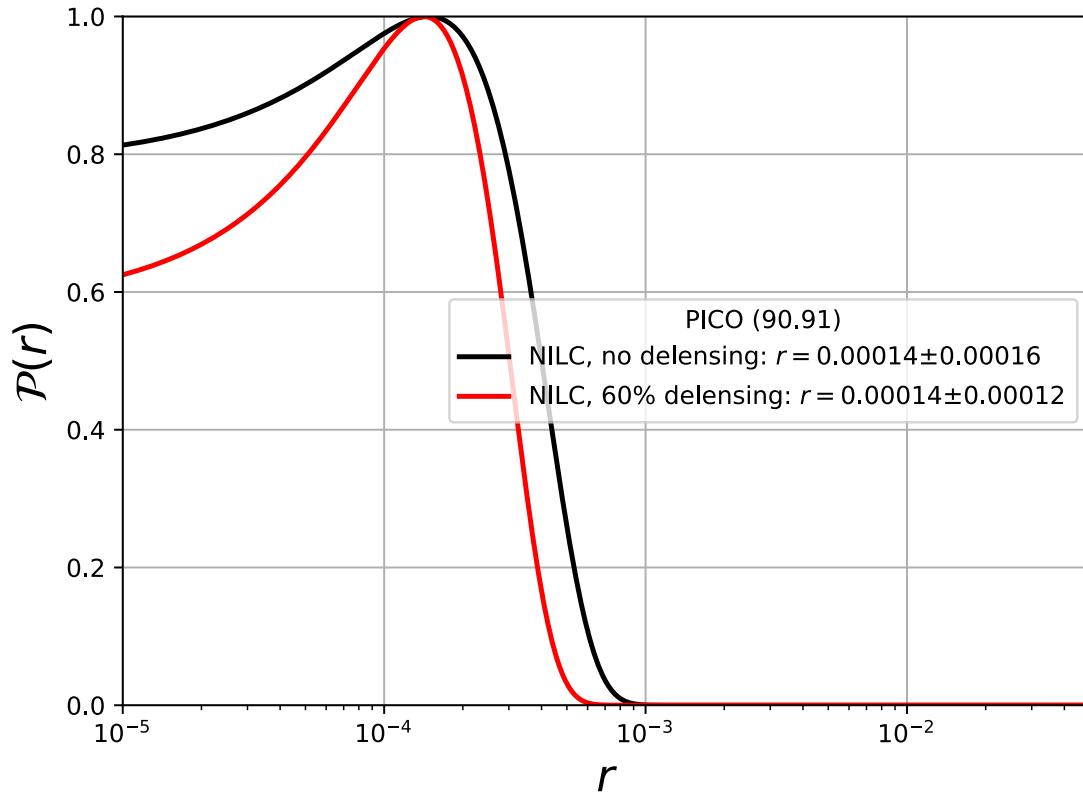
Baseline

21-800 GHz

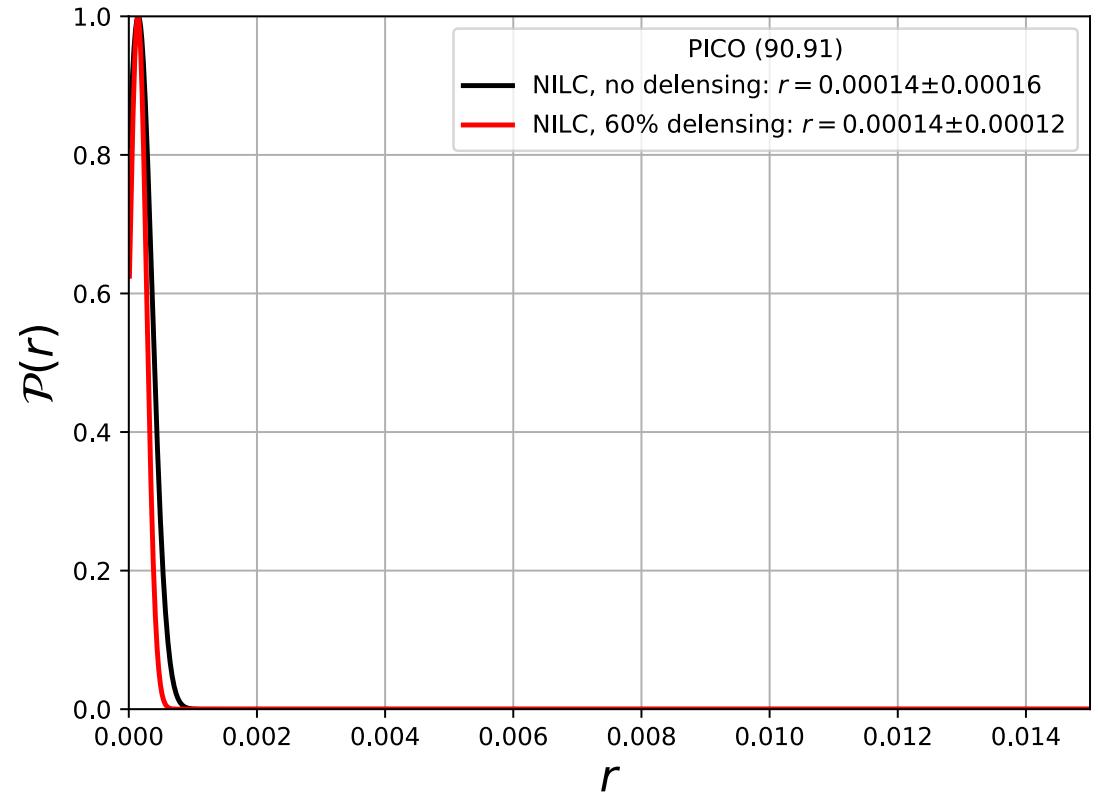
90.91, $r = 0$

NILC

Logarithmic scale



Linear scale



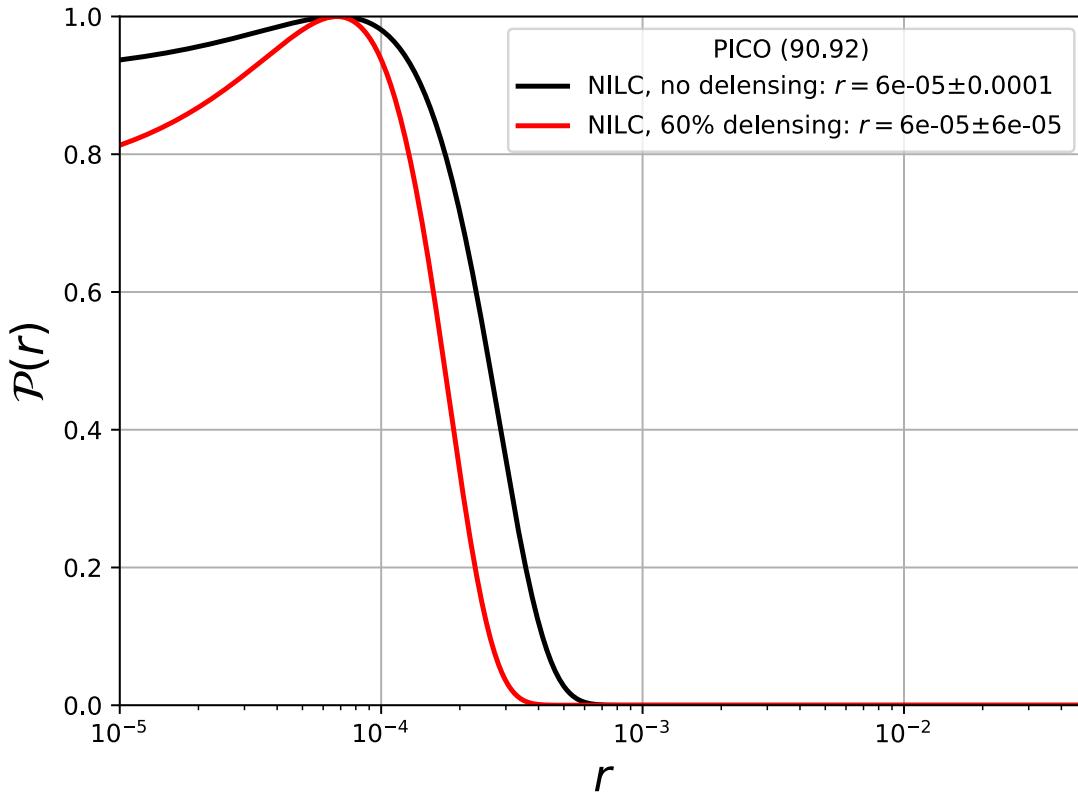
Baseline

21-800 GHz

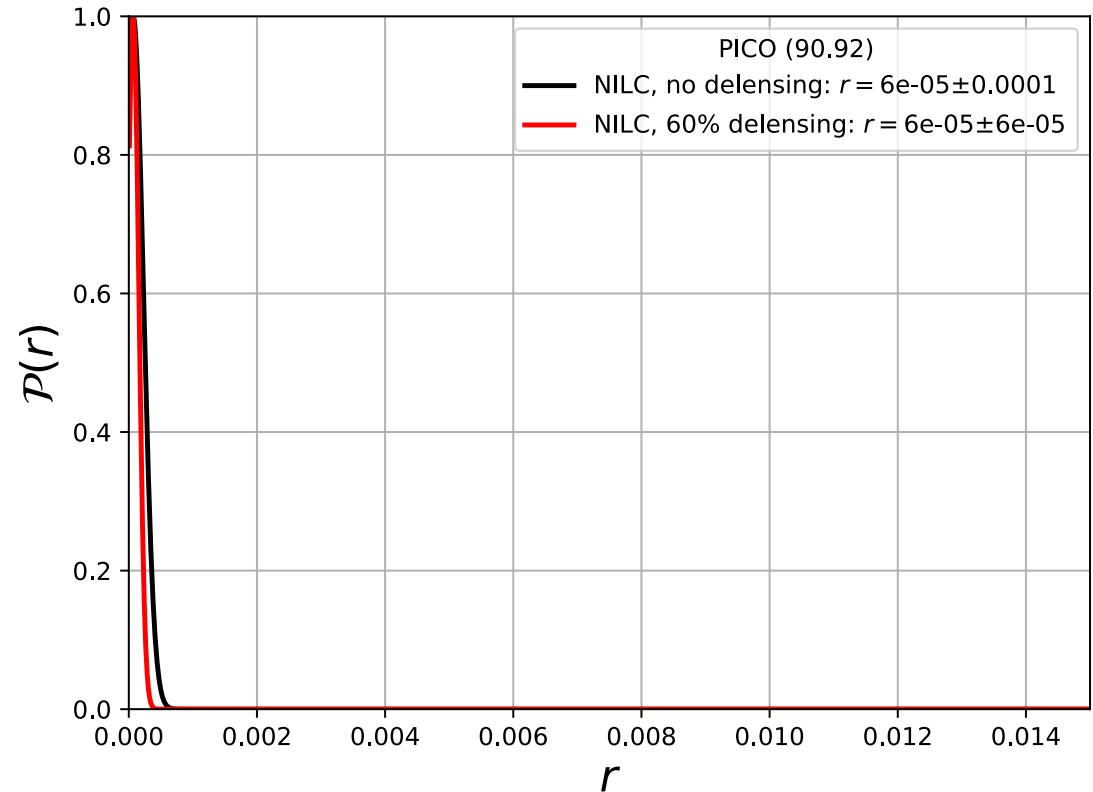
90.92, $r = 0$

NILC

Logarithmic scale



Linear scale



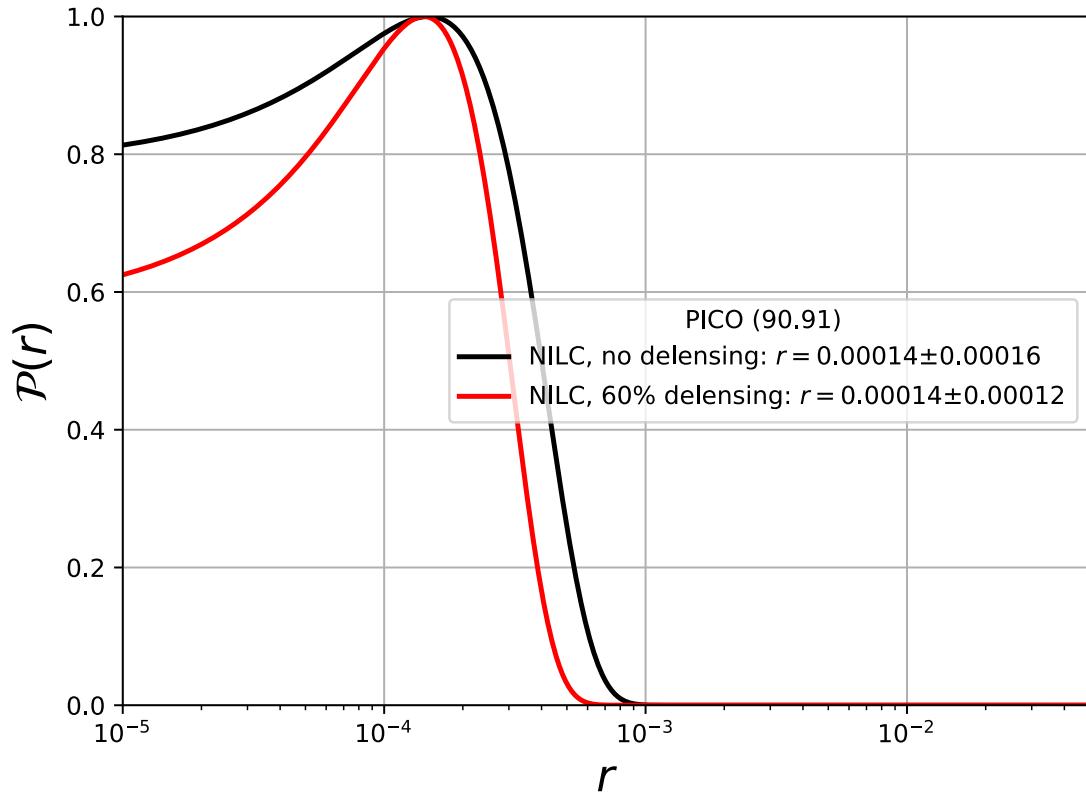
Baseline

21-800 GHz

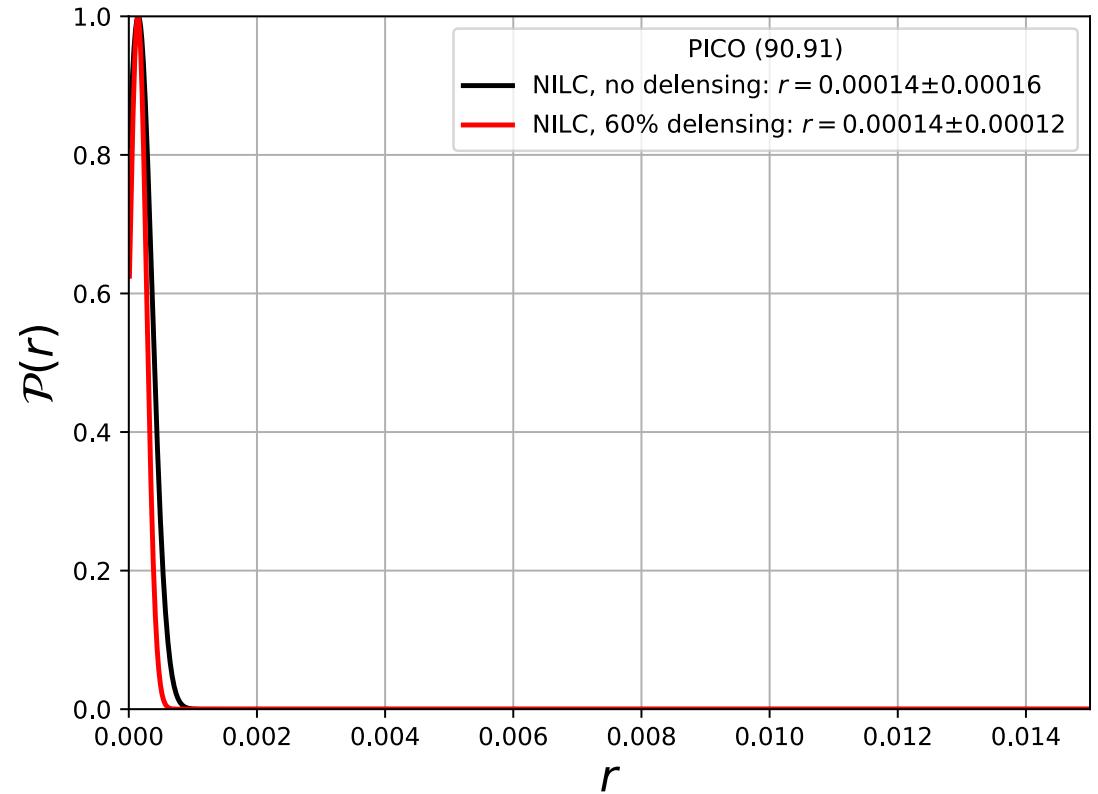
90.91, $r = 0$

NILC

Logarithmic scale



Linear scale



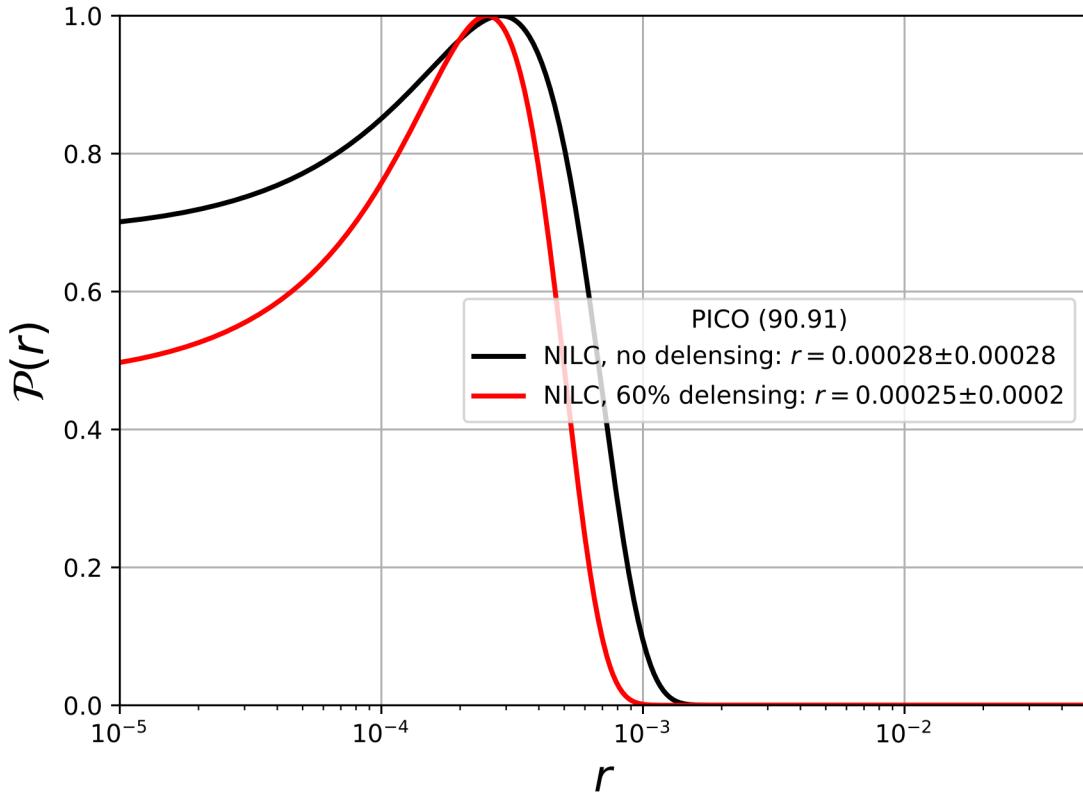
w/o LF

43-800 GHz

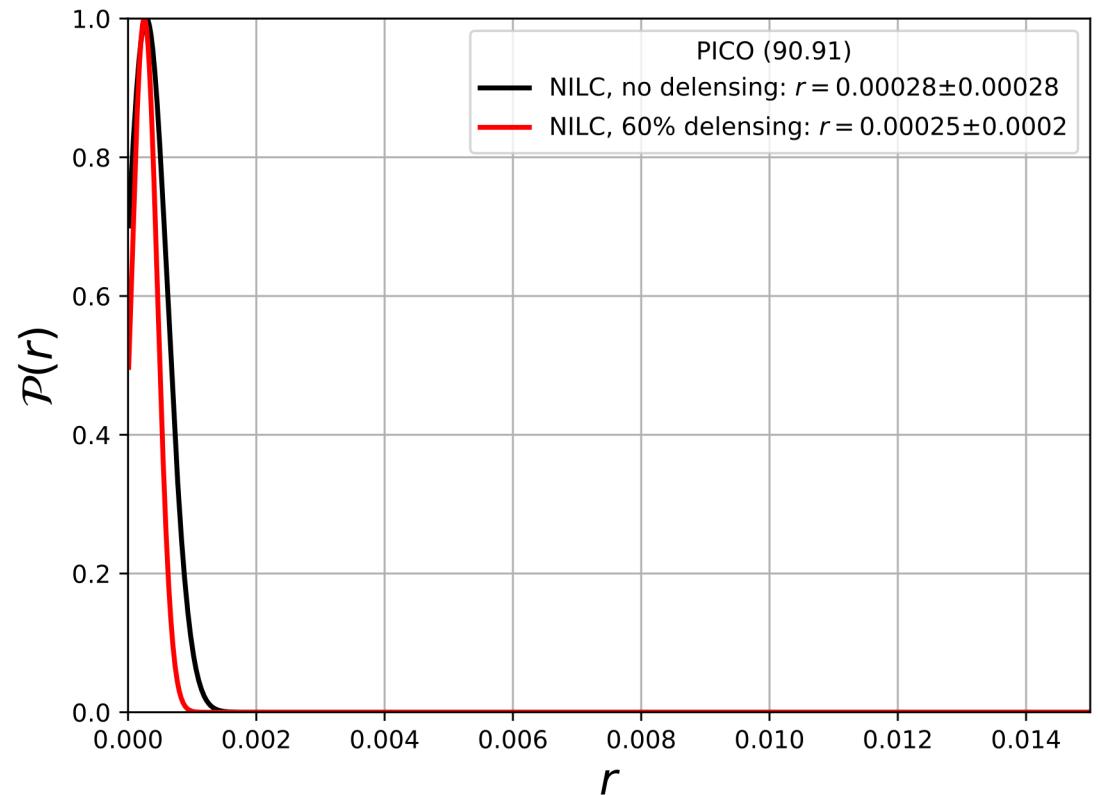
90.91, $r = 0$

NILC

Logarithmic scale



Linear scale



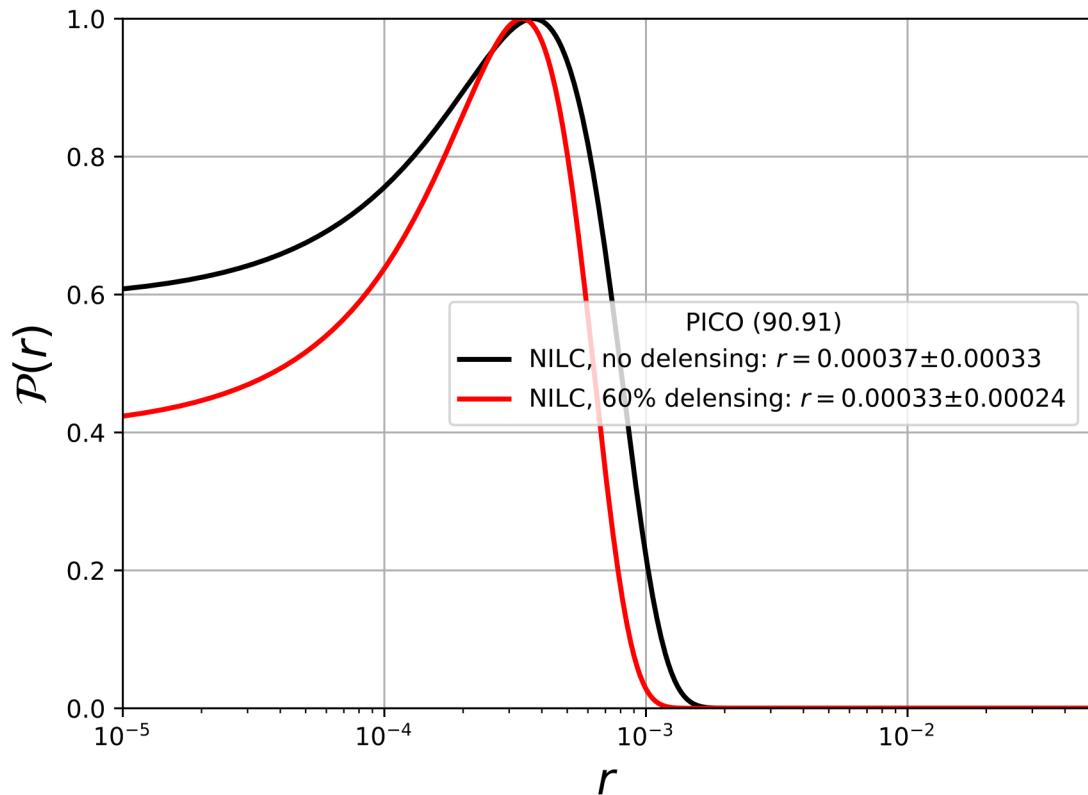
w/o HF

21-462 GHz

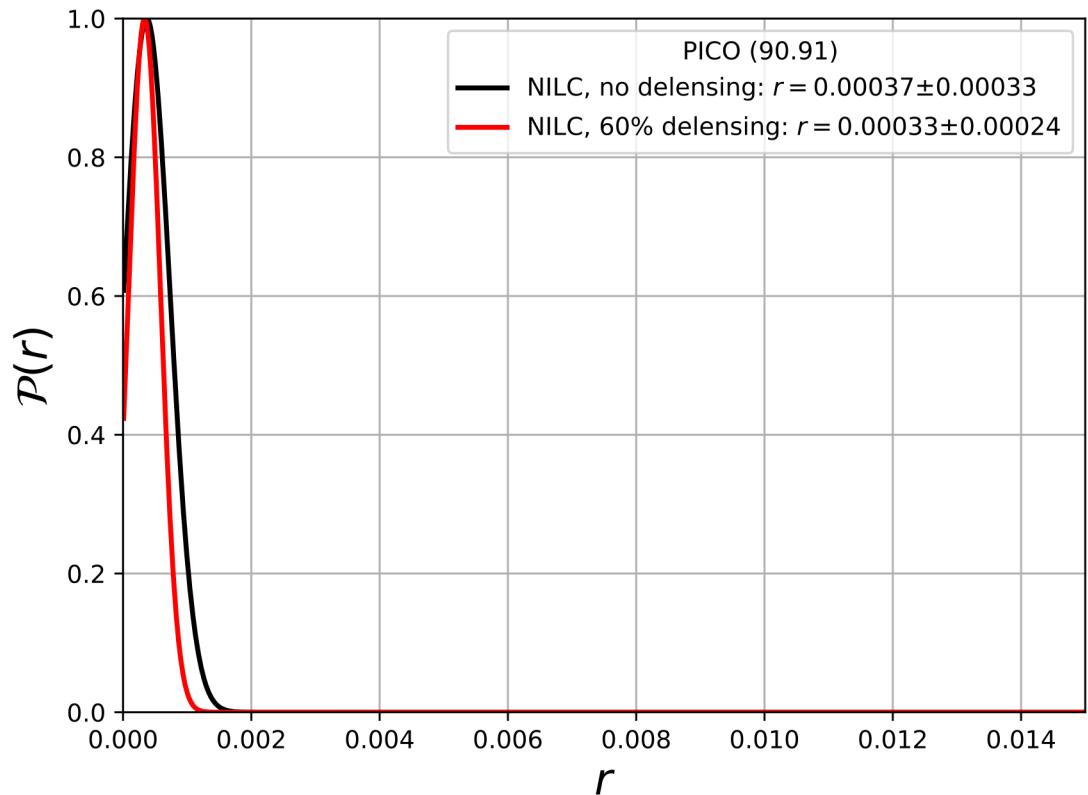
90.91, $r = 0$

NILC

Logarithmic scale



Linear scale



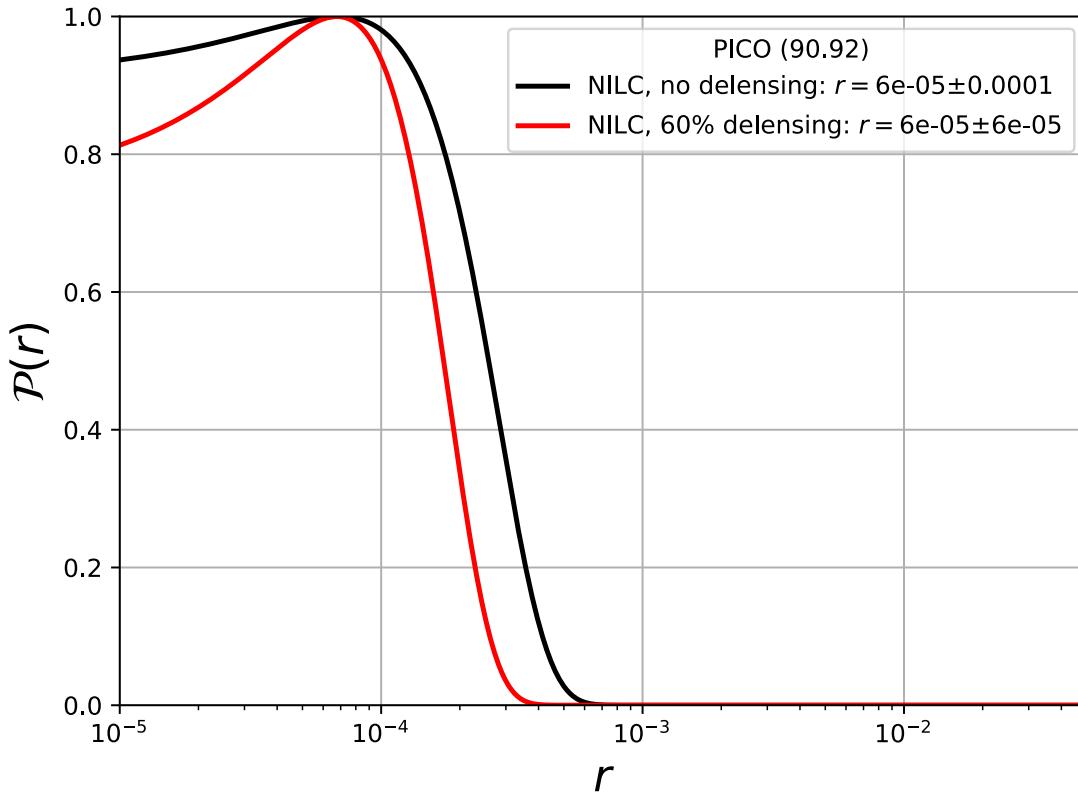
Baseline

21-800 GHz

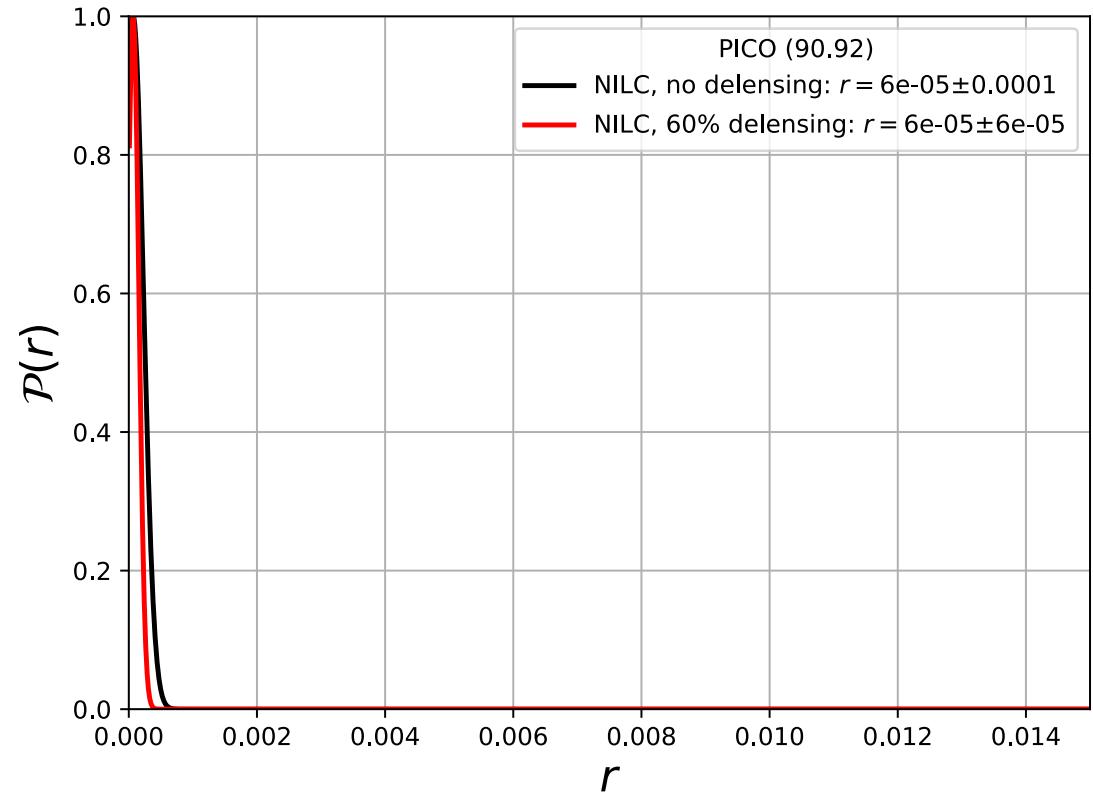
90.92, $r = 0$

NILC

Logarithmic scale



Linear scale



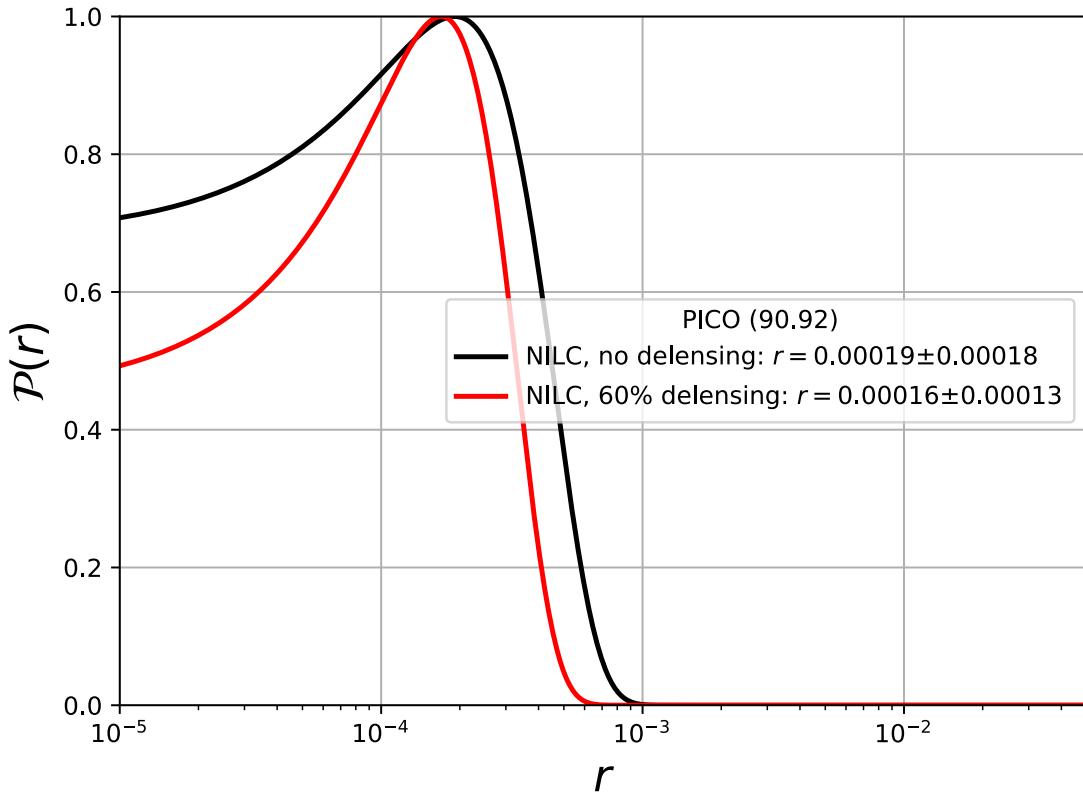
w/o LF

43-800 GHz

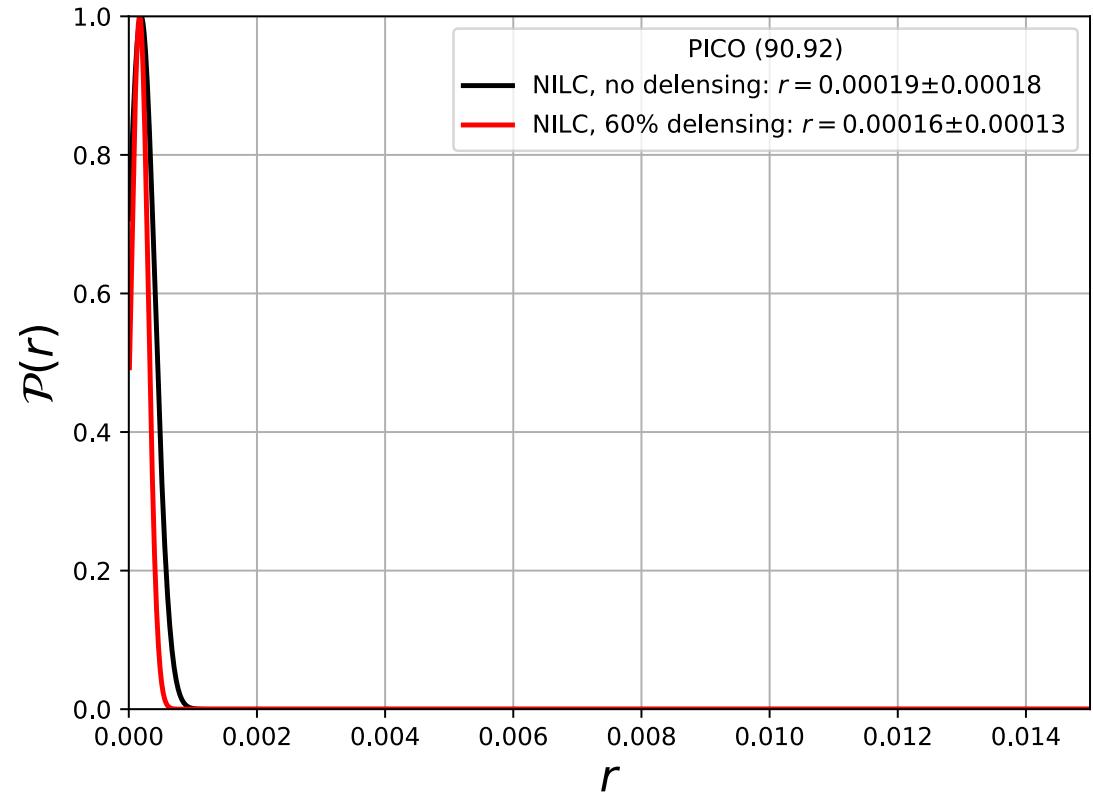
90.92, $r = 0$

NILC

Logarithmic scale



Linear scale



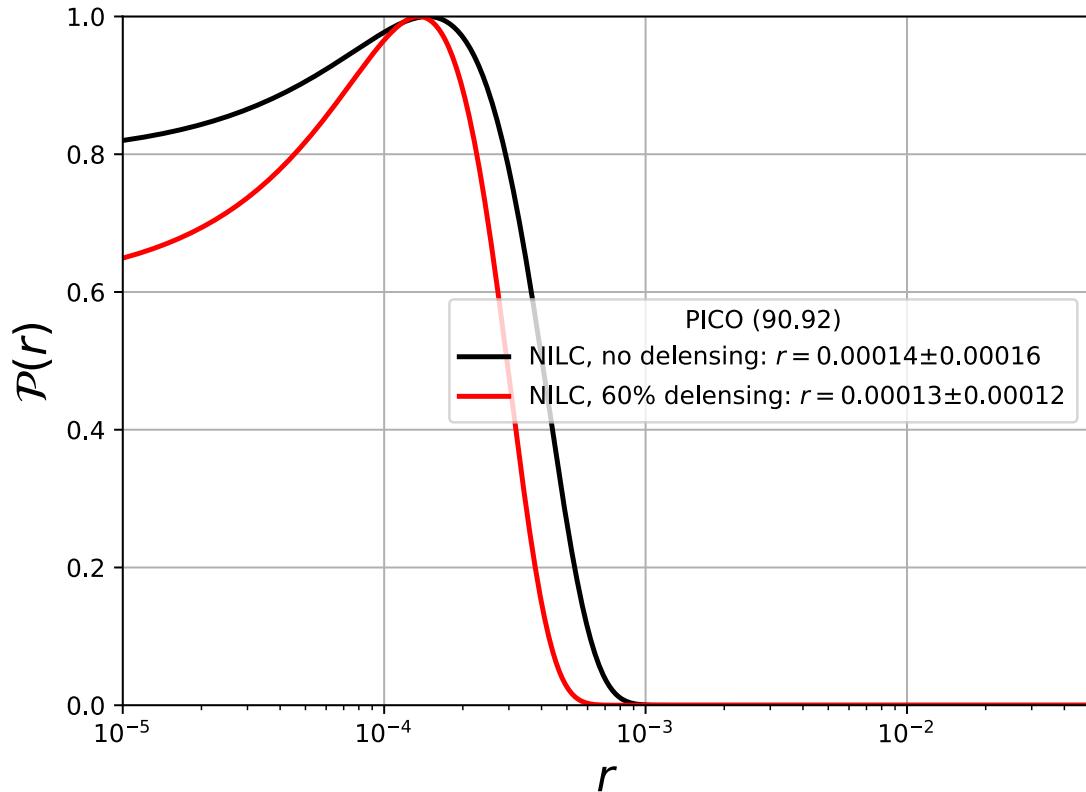
w/o HF

21-462 GHz

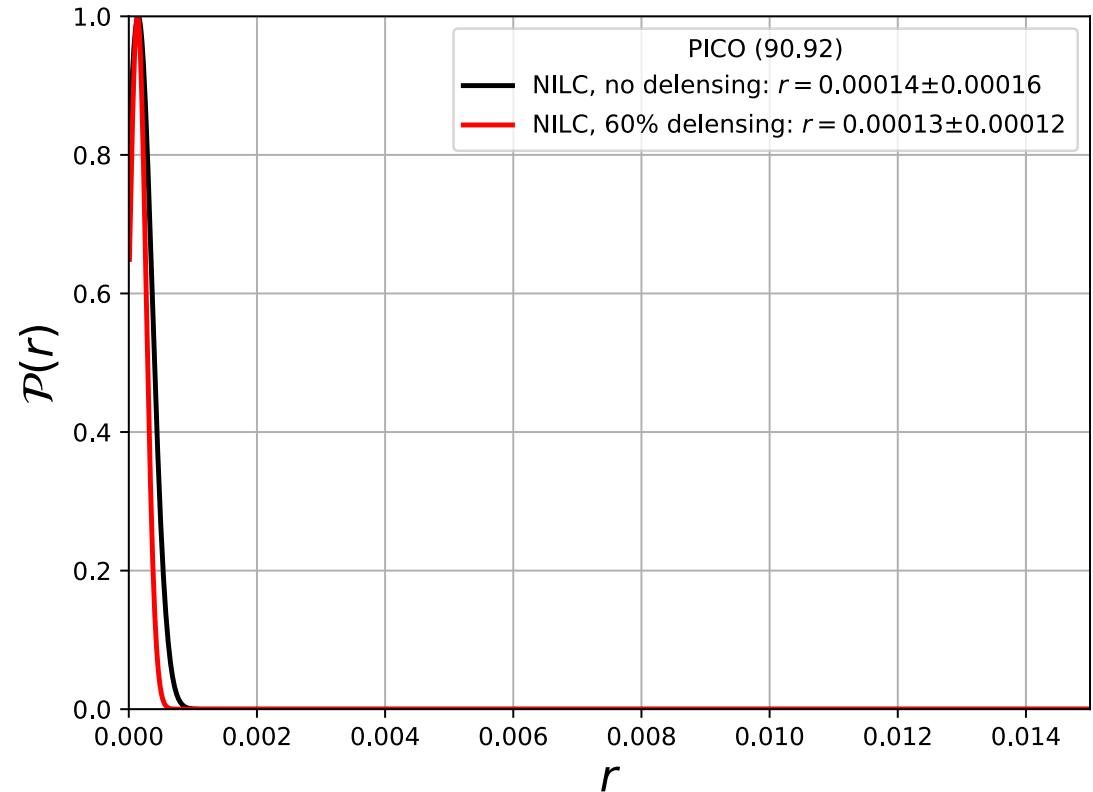
90.92, $r = 0$

NILC

Logarithmic scale



Linear scale



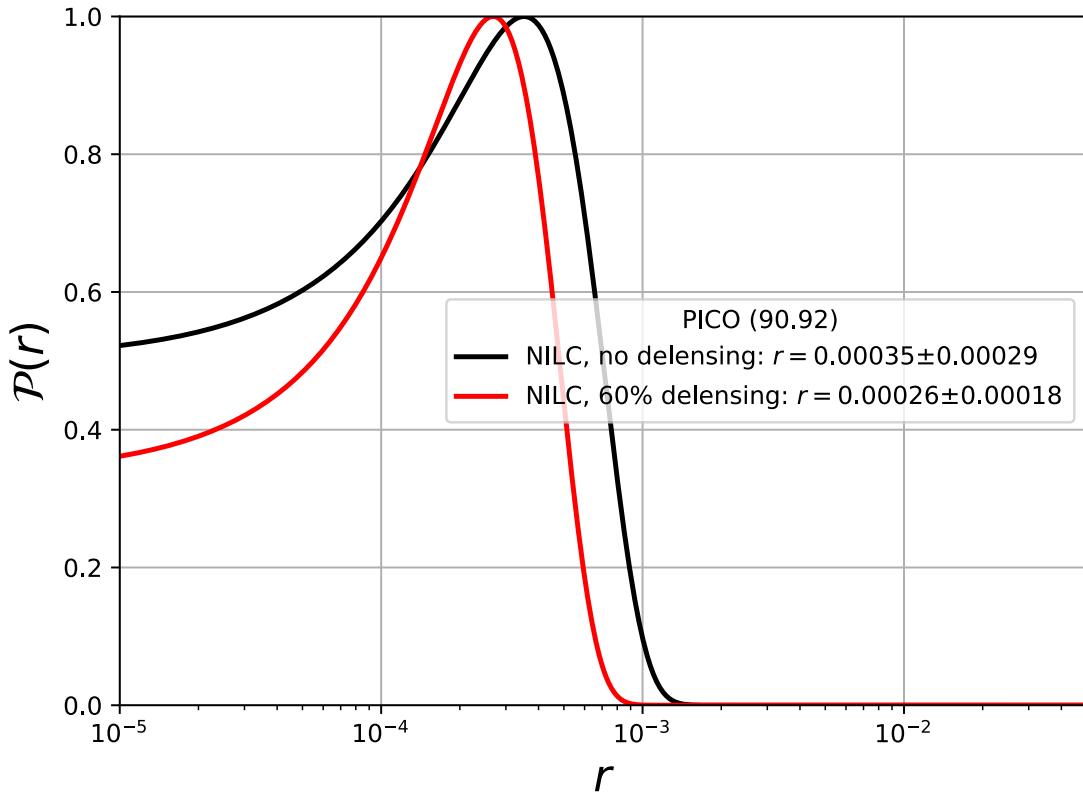
Descope

43-462 GHz

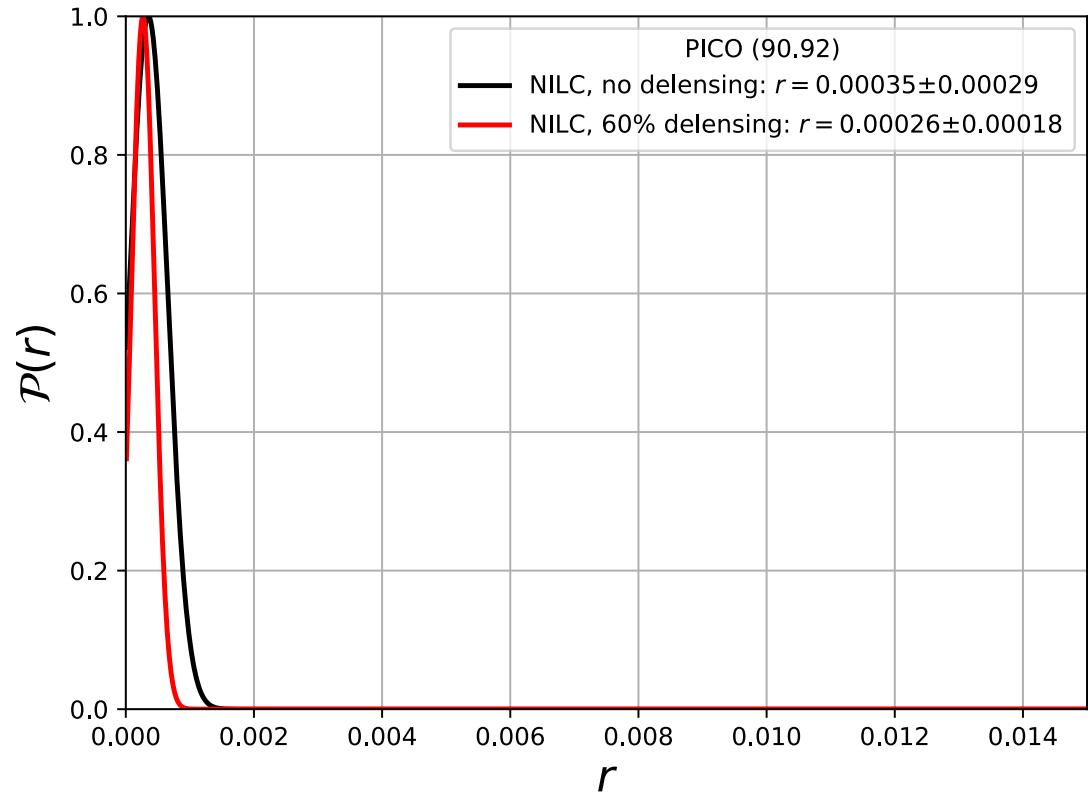
90.92, $r = 0$

NILC

Logarithmic scale



Linear scale



$r = 0.003$

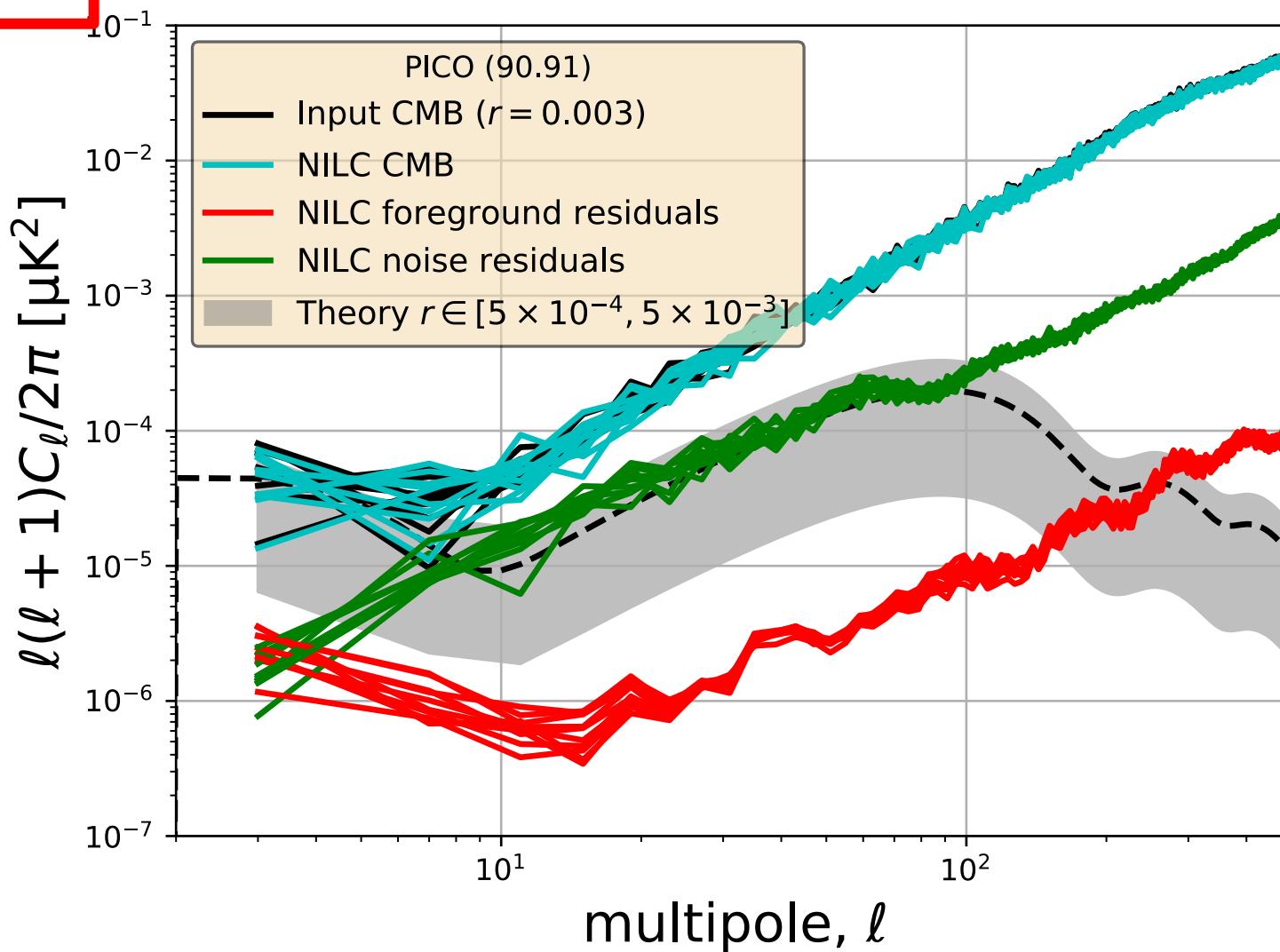
90.91 & 90.92

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.91, $r = 0.003$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

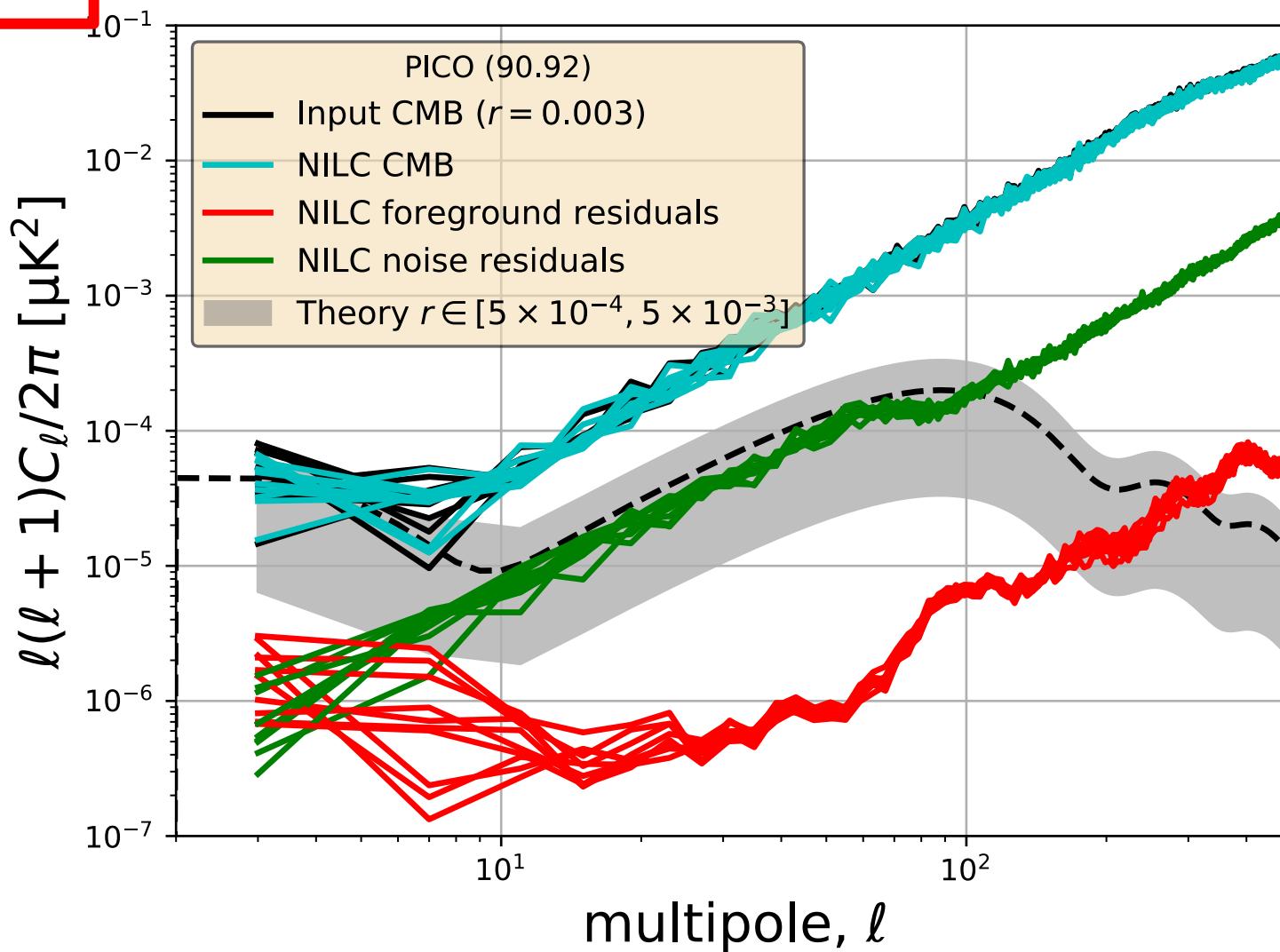
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.92, $r = 0.003$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

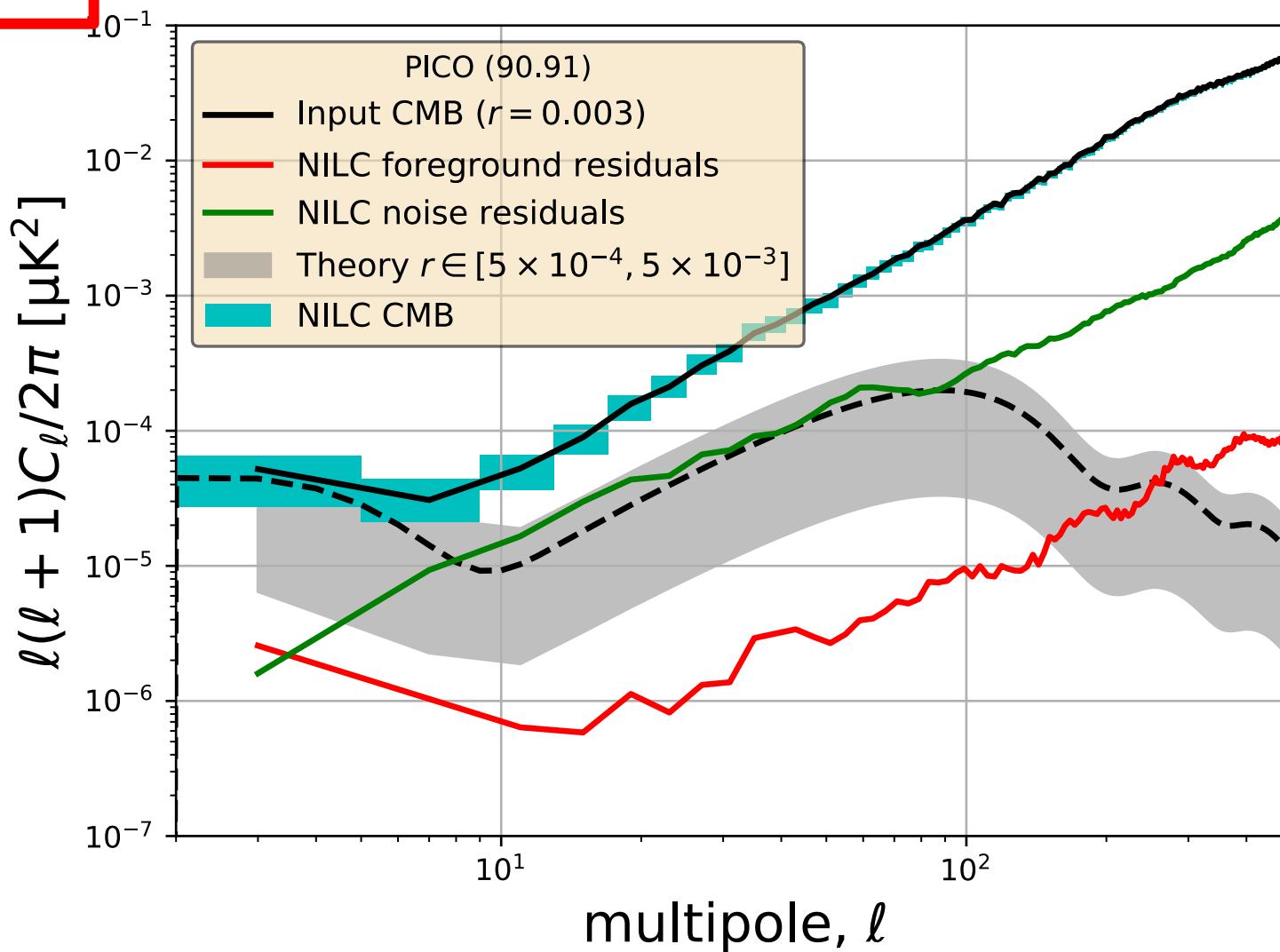
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.91, $r = 0.003$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

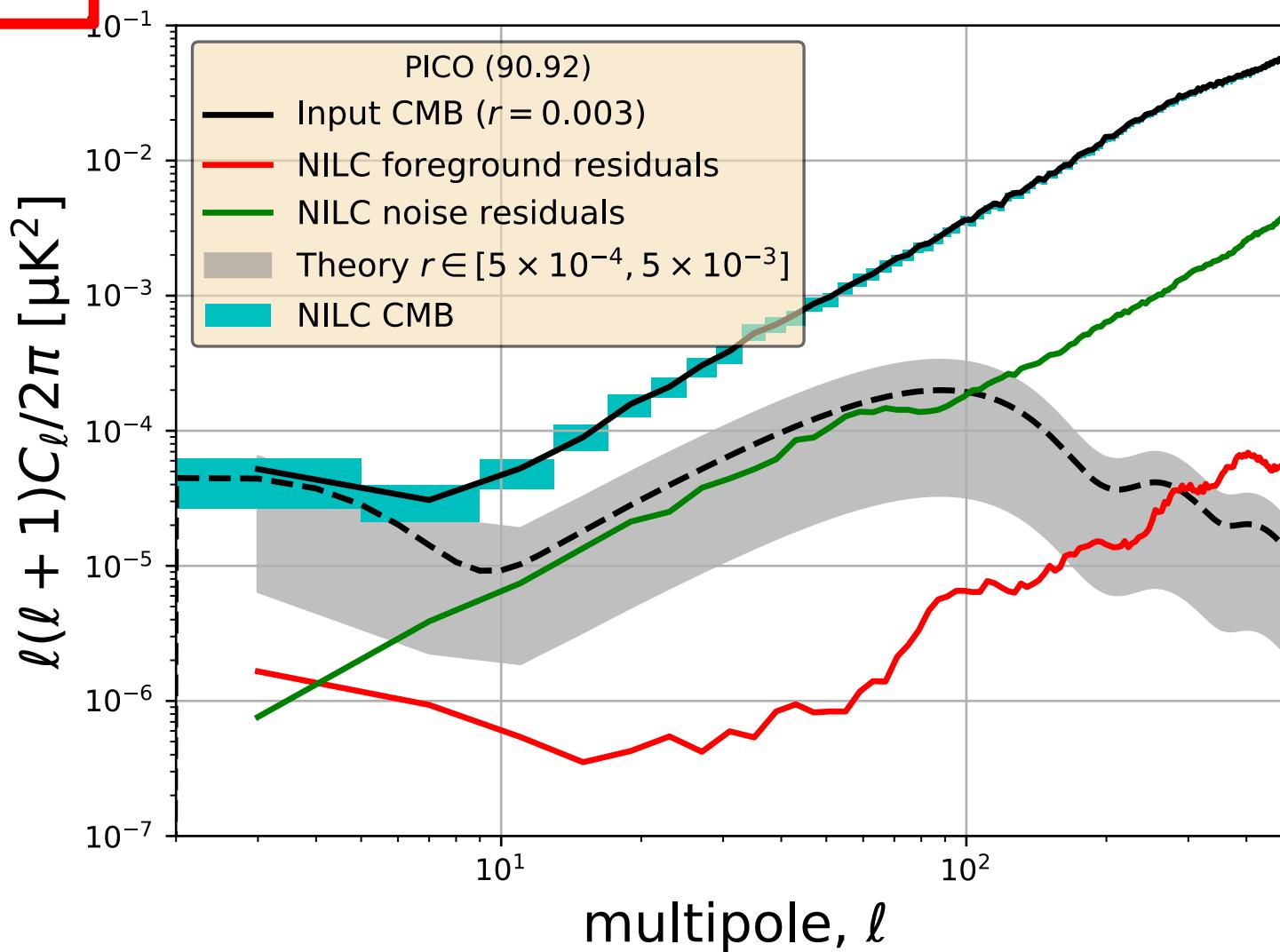
Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

Baseline

21-800 GHz

90.92, $r = 0.003$

NILC



10 realizations

MASTER

$f_{\text{sky}} = 50\%$

Binning: $\Delta\ell = 4$

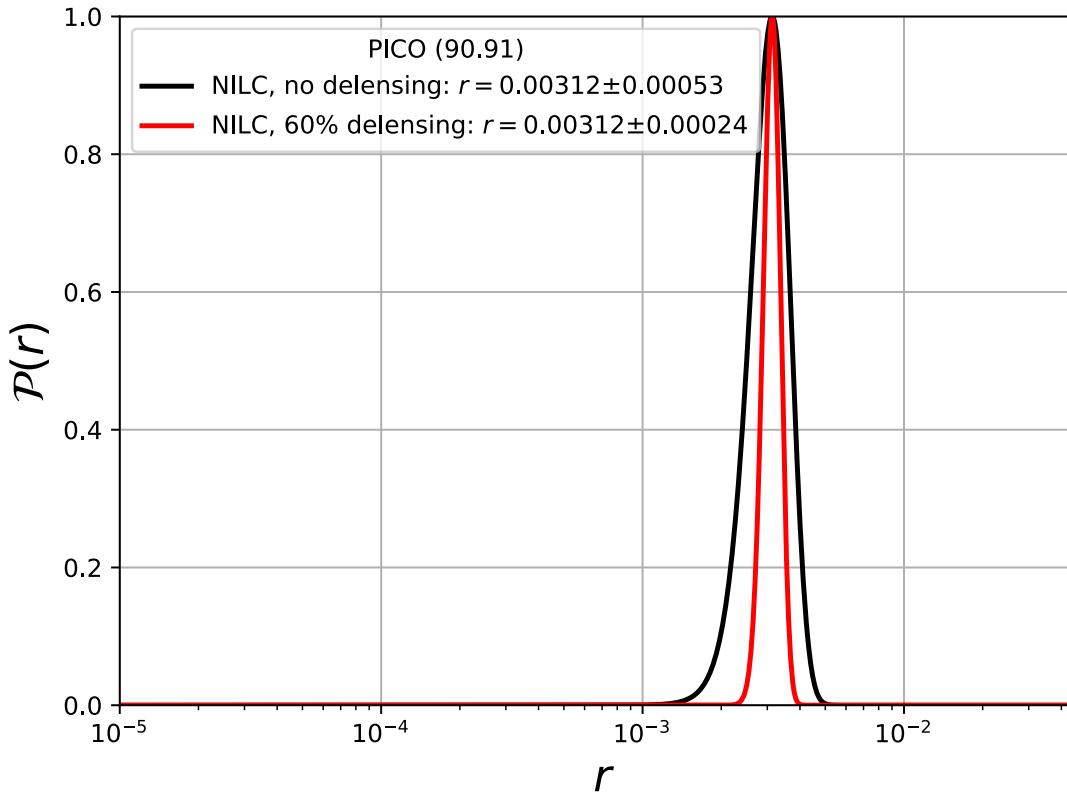
Baseline

21-800 GHz

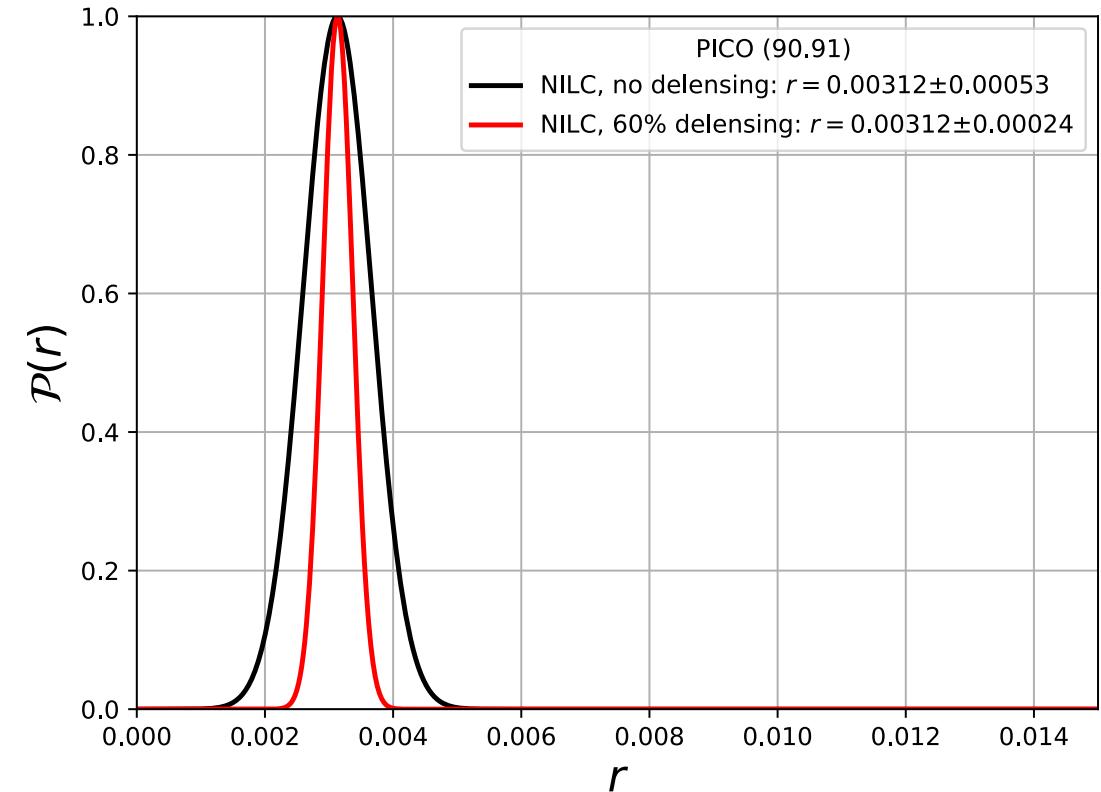
90.91, $r = 0.003$

NILC

Logarithmic scale



Linear scale



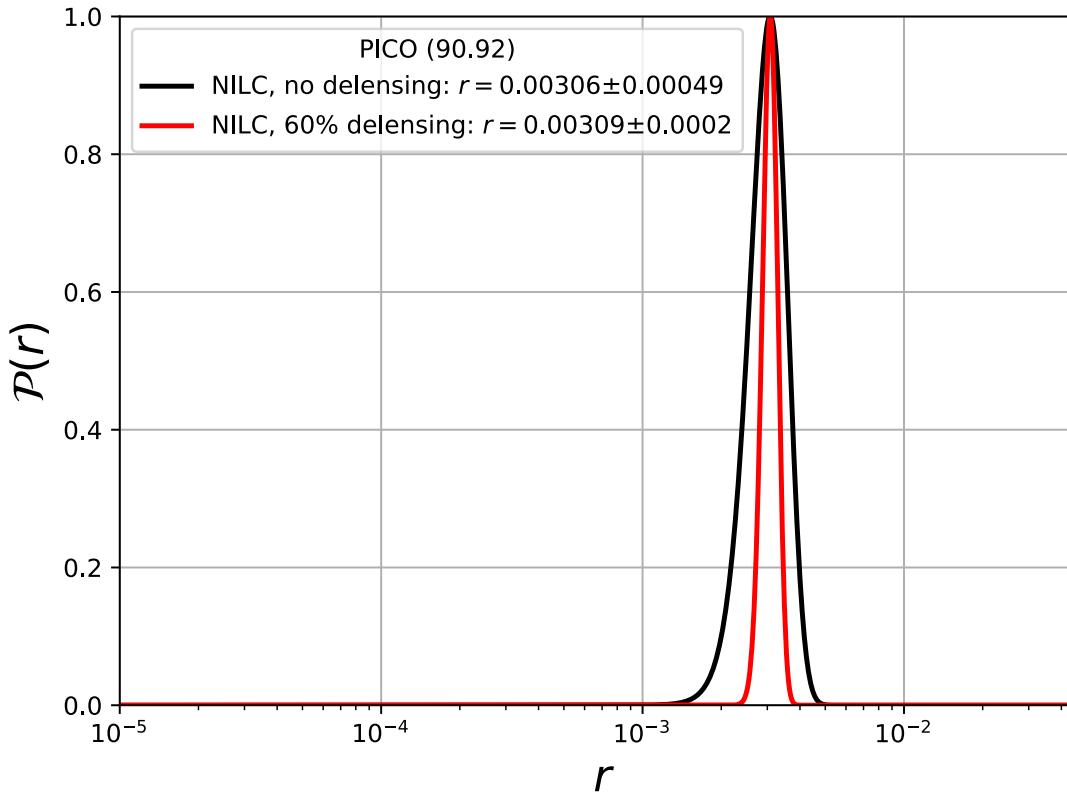
Baseline

21-800 GHz

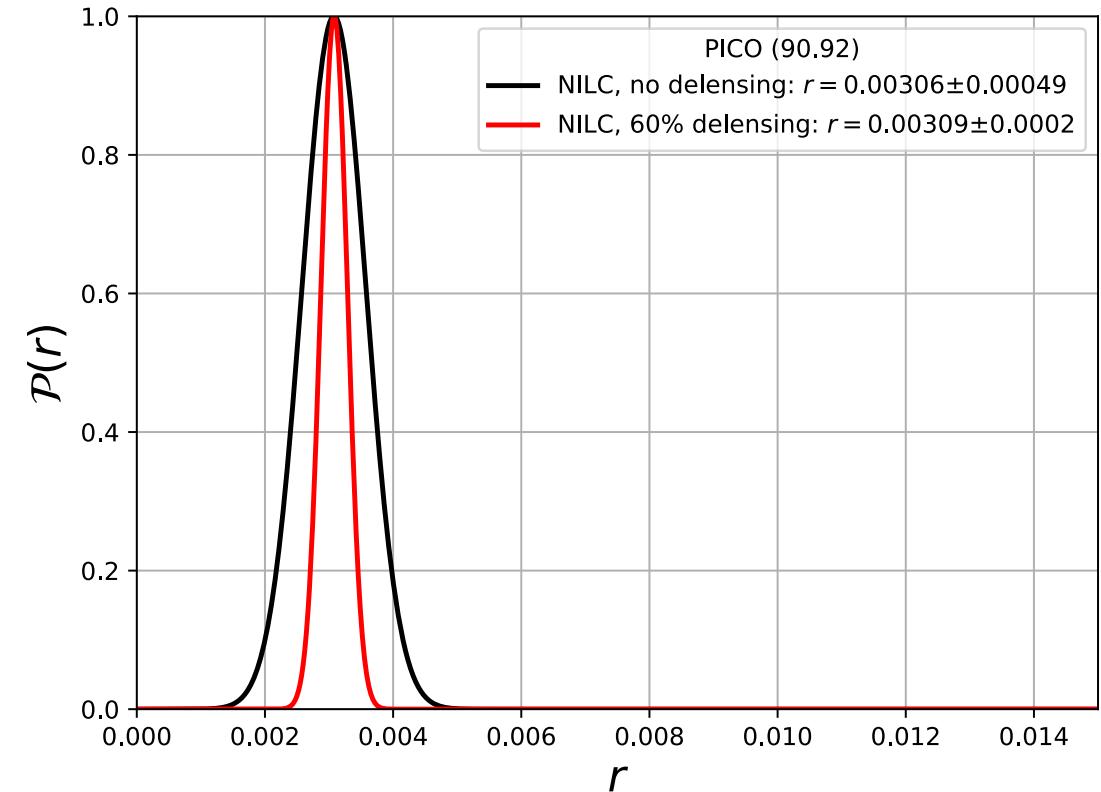
90.92, $r = 0.003$

NILC

Logarithmic scale



Linear scale



Note on the likelihood

The component separation exercise has been performed on sky maps with full lensing contamination.

Suppose that PICO can perform e.g. [60% delensing](#), then the fraction of residual lensing power will be $A_L = 0.4$ after delensing.

Now for the r forecasts, we do the following shortcut to account for “delensing”:

- ❑ $C_\ell^{BB,\text{NILC}}$ is corrected for the residual noise bias and the residual lensing bias:

$$C_\ell^{\text{CMB}} + C_\ell^{\text{fgds}} = C_\ell^{BB,\text{NILC}} - C_\ell^{\text{noise}} - A_L C_\ell^{\text{lens}}$$

- ❑ Build a simple Gaussian likelihood to fit r only:

$$-2 \ln \mathcal{L}(r) = \sum_{\ell=2}^{\ell_{\max}} \left(C_\ell^{\text{CMB}} + C_\ell^{\text{fgds}} - r C_\ell^{\text{prim}}(r=1) \right) M_{\ell\ell'}^{-1} \left(C_{\ell'}^{\text{CMB}} + C_{\ell'}^{\text{fgds}} - r C_{\ell'}^{\text{prim}}(r=1) \right)$$

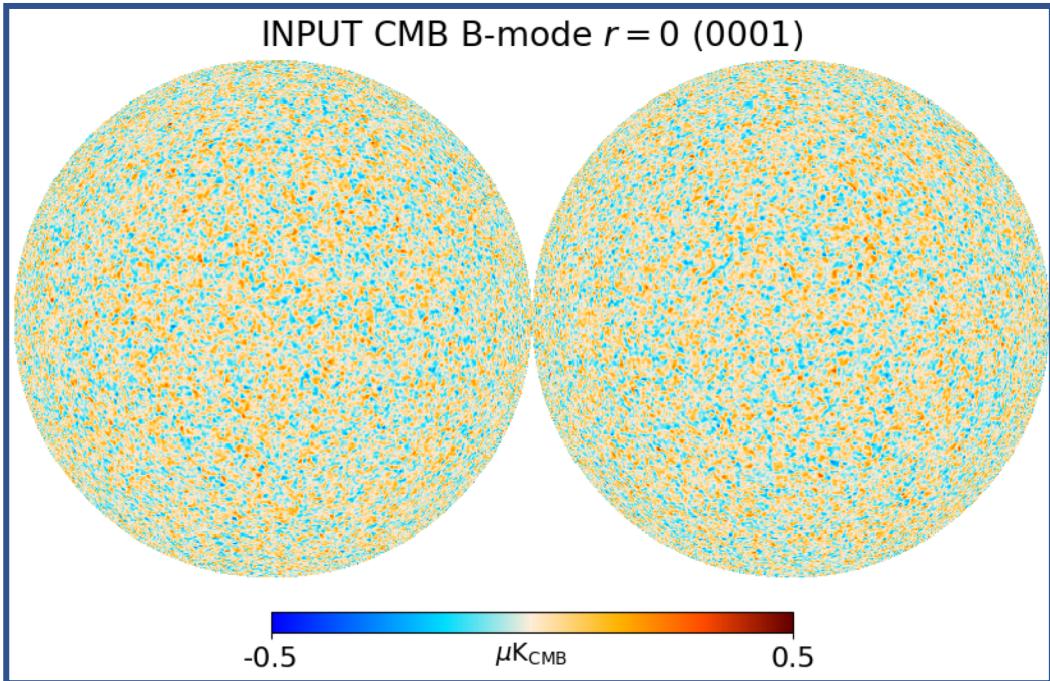
- ❑ The covariance matrix includes cosmic/sample variance of residual lensing signal, residual foregrounds and residual noise (and cross-terms):

$$M_{\ell\ell} = \frac{2}{(2\ell+1)f_{\text{sky}}} \left(C_\ell^{BB,\text{NILC}} - (1-A_L) C_\ell^{\text{lens}} \right)^2 = \frac{2}{(2\ell+1)f_{\text{sky}}} \left(C_\ell^{\text{CMB}} + A_L C_\ell^{\text{lens}} + C_\ell^{\text{fgds}} + C_\ell^{\text{noise}} \right)^2$$

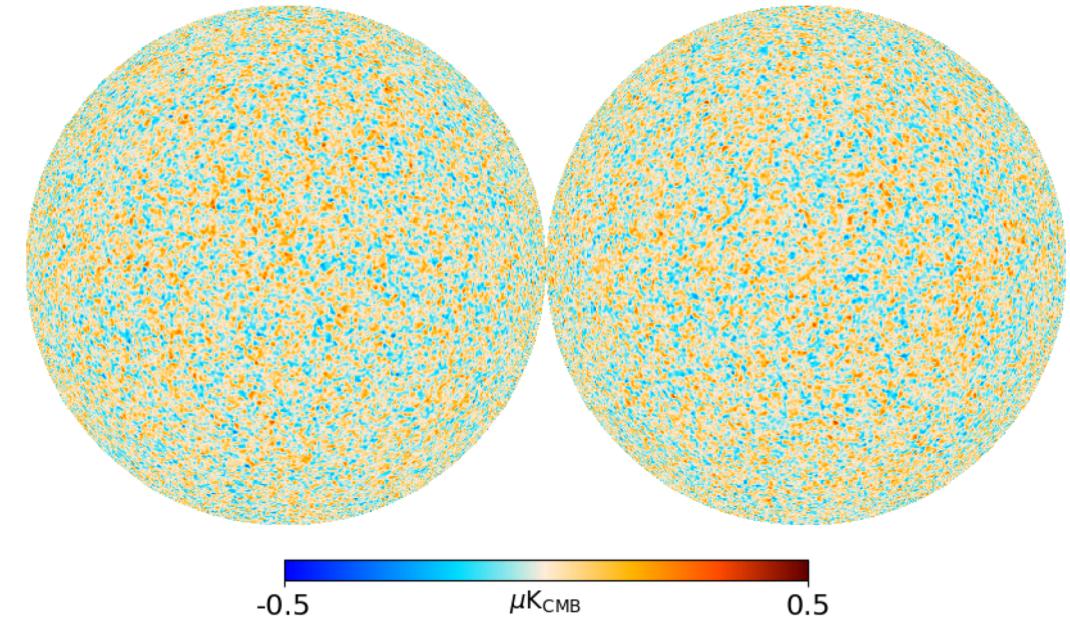
Expected residual lensing cosmic variance

Backup

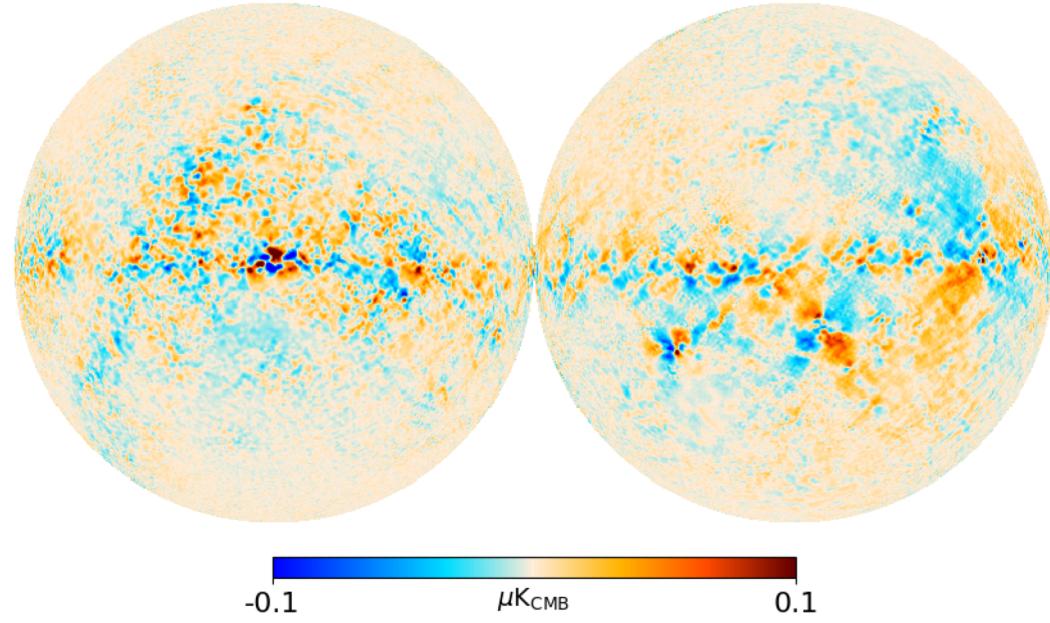
INPUT CMB B-mode $r = 0$ (0001)



NILC CMB B-mode (0001)



NILC foreground residuals B-mode (0001)



90.91
 $r = 0$
NILC

NILC noise residuals B-mode (0001)

