end-to-end simulation of NCDs

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simulation overview: single unified application

event generators

- atmospheric neutrons
- AmBe calibration source

physics simulation

- pure geant4 simulation
- custom "standardNR" physics list for ion propagation (~10% agreement with SRIM)
- high-precision neutron physics

analysis

- save truth and reconstructed info to tree
- save simulated traces

detector simulation

- reproduces work by SNO collaboration
- simple model of space charge effect
- simple diffusion model
- simple electron avalanche model
- induced current and electronics simulation

physics simulation

- Use geant4 to handle physics simulation up to proton-triton propagation
- Include realistic geometry, variable shielding layers, material properties
- SNO did not use geant4: using it massively simplifies the task of writing the simulation!



physics simulation: hacking geant4 for ions

- geant4 does not model ion propagation well in reference physics models
- solve problem with custom physics model for screened Coulomb scattering (arXiv:physics/0406066)
- model benchmarks show excellent agreement with SRIM
- our work shows fair ~5-10% agreement with SRIM



charge propagation overview

p-t track produces electrons that propagate toward anode

charge propagation overview



charge propagation overview



detector simulation: charge propagation

- simulation rewritten from SNO work (arXiv:1104.2573)
- simple functional form model for drift time and diffusion
- exponential model for singleelectron gain:

$$P(G_i) = \frac{1}{220} e^{-G_i/220}$$

 gain well-modeled by standard Diethorn formula

$$\ln\bar{G} = C \frac{\lambda \ln 2}{2\pi\epsilon_0 \Delta V} \ln\left[\frac{\lambda}{2\pi\epsilon_0 a E_{min}}\right]$$

detector simulation: space charge

 simulation rewritten from SNO work (arXiv:1104.2573)

NCD spectrum from thermal neutrons

current simulation systematics

• Induced charge on anode due to single ion:

$$\delta Q = q \frac{\ln(b/r)}{\ln(b/a)}$$

• Differentiate w.r.t time and use ion e.o.m to obtain induced current on anode:

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = \mu E(r) \qquad i(t) = \frac{-q}{2\ln(b/a)} \frac{1}{t - t_0 + \tau}$$

• Experimentally measured output is convolution of:

• Use steepest slope events to estimate this part of the transfer function:

$$\begin{split} i(t)*h(t)*d(t) &\simeq i(t)*h(t)*\delta(t) \\ &= i(t)*h(t) \end{split}$$

electronics simulation

validation: energy spectrum

NCD spectrum from thermal neutrons

good general agreement remaining systematics likely due to poor modeling of atmospheric neutron flux

energy vs. duration of e arrival times

still sorting out timing bug in Geant4 kernel: very small effect on these results

data comparison

70%-10% risetime after pulse simulation

good qualitative agreement with data... need to validate against data more quantitatively

conclusion

- Complete end-to-end simulation of NCDs implemented
- Integral part of analysis for generating transfer functions used in deconvolution
- Qualitative validation excellent
- More quantitative validation ongoing
- Built on the shoulders of SNO work, but encapsulation with geant4 allows simulation to be single compact application